

How to Configure Azure Cloud Integration Using ARM

https://campus.barracuda.com/doc/112167285/

Azure Cloud Integration allows the firewall to connect directly to the Azure service fabric in order to rewrite Azure user-defined routes and to monitor the IP forwarding setting of the NIC of your firewall VM.

There are two methods available for Cloud Integration. The recommended method is Managed Identity because it is easier to maintain and configure.

- Managed Identity For more information, see <u>Barracuda CloudGen Firewall Managed</u> Identities in Microsoft Azure.
- Service Principal (User Identity) Certificate authentication is used to authenticate the firewall when accessing the Azure API endpoints. The certificate must be valid for at least 1 year. The end date of the certificate is used by the setup script to also determine the end date for the Microsoft Entra ID application. When the certificate or the Entra ID application expires, the firewall can no longer use Azure Cloud Integration features until the Entra ID application and the corresponding certificate have been replaced. If a <u>global HTTP proxy</u> is configured, all calls to the Azure REST API are sent via the proxy.

Cloud Integration is required for the following features:

• Barracuda Firewall Admin dashboard **Cloud Information** element.

	•
Configured	€
Azure	
CampusHACGFW	
Standard_F1s	
westeurope	
52.142.226.140	
Campus-HA	€
newVirtualNetwork/FirewallSubnet	€
	Azure CampusHACGFW Standard_F1s westeurope 52.142.226.140 Campus-HA

- UDR route rewriting for CloudGen Firewall high availability clusters
- IP forward protection

Before You Begin

• You need sufficient permissions in Microsoft Azure to create a service principal in Microsoft Entra ID.



- You need sufficient permissions in Microsoft Azure to assign permissions.
- You need a CloudGen Firewall deployed in the Microsoft Azure cloud. For more information, see <u>Microsoft Azure Deployment</u>.

Step 1. Create the Azure Management Certificate

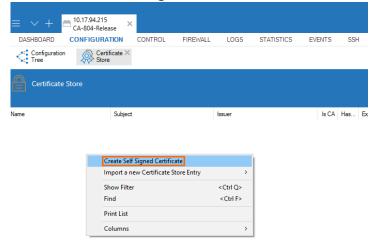
For the firewall to be able to connect to the Azure backend, you must create and upload a management certificate. The certificate must be valid for at least two years.

You can create such a certificate either in Barracuda Firewall Admin or on the CLI using SSH. Follow Step 1.1 to create in Firewall Admin or Step 1.2 to create on the CLI.

Step 1.1 Create the Azure Management Certificate in Barracuda Firewall Admin

Follow this step to create the management certificate in Barracuda Firewall Admin.

- 1. Log into the firewall via Firewall Admin.
- 2. Go to CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Advanced Configuration > Certificate Store.
- 3. Click Lock.
- 4. Right-click in the Certificate Store section.
- 5. Select Create Self Signed Certificate.



- 6. The Create Self Signed Certificate window opens.
- 7. Enter a name and click **Create**.

Barracuda CloudGen Firewall



🔊 Create Self Sign	ed Certificate		
General			
Name Cam	pusCertificate		
Comment			
Private Key			_
Key Length (Bits)	2048	Create	Import Key
Key Hash 0			- -
Subject - Issuer			
Name [CN]		Country [C]	
State [ST]		Location [L]	
Org. [O]		Unit [OU]	
Email [E]		SubAltName	
Use Time Scope	From 01.0	1.1970 🗐 🔻 To	01.01.1970
Properties		_	
Кеу	Value		
Advanced		OK	Cancel

- 8. Specify values for the following:
 - **Name** Enter a name.
 - **State** Enter your state.
 - **Org.** Enter your organization name.
 - **Email** Enter your email address.
 - **Country** Enter your country.
 - **Location** Enter your location.
 - Unit Enter your unit.

_	Enter you	-	
Create Self S	Signed Certificate		×
General			
Name	CampusCertificate		
Comment			
Private Key			
Key Length (Bit	s) 2048	Create	Import Key
Key Hash	NPIMFC (2048 Bits)		
Subject - Issu	er		
Name [CN]	CampusCGF	Country [C] AT	
State [ST]	Vienna	Location [L] Vier	nna
Org. [O]	Campus	Unit [OU] 3	
Email [E]	campus@barracuda.com	SubAltName	
Use Time Scope	From 01.01.1	70 🔲 🔻 To	19.01.2038
Properties			
Кеу	Value		
	H 7C:6B:D0:78:F8:EA:97		
Fingerprint (S	H 61:6C:E2:E0:21:B0:55:	D2:91:BA:33:65:2E:18:8	31:2B:D8:3A:A8:59
Advanced		ОК	Cancel

- 9. Click **OK**. The **Certificate Store** section opens.
- 10. Click Send Changes and Activate.
- 11. In the **Certificate Store** section, double-click on the certificate you just created to expand it.
- 12. Select the first entry and right-click it.

Certificate Store				
Name	Subject	Issuer	ls CA	Has
 CampusCertificate 				0
	CampusCGF	CampusCGF	\bigcirc	

13. Select **Export the selected Certificate** and **to File**.



Certificat	e Store					
Name	Subject		Issuer	Is CA	Has	Expires
CampusCertificate					0	
	Show Certificate		CampusCGF	0		19.01.2038
r	Export the selected Certificate	>	to Clipboard			
	Show Filter	<ctrl q=""></ctrl>	to File			
	Find	<ctrl f=""></ctrl>				
	Expand All					
	Collapse All					
	Copy List to Clipboard					
	Copy selected to Clipboard					
	Export to File					
	Print List					
	Columns	>				

14. Save the certificate as a *.cer file.

🔊 Save As			>
Save in:	Documents V	G 🤌 📂 🕻	
Quick access Desktop Libraries This PC	Name Custom Office Templates OneNote Notebooks Snagit Zoom	Status C C C C C C C C C	Date modified 19.11.2020 14:5: 19.10.2020 15:2 19.11.2020 23:0- 05.02.2021 09:4
Network	<		
	File name: CampusCert	~	Save
	Save as type: Certificate File (*.cer)	~	Cancel

15. Repeat the last step and save the file as *.pem file as well.

Step 1.2 Create the Azure Management Certificate on the CLI via SSH

Follow this step to create the management certificate using the CLI via SSH. Note: Skip this step if you already created a certificate in Barracuda Firewall Admin.

- 1. Log into the firewall via ssh.
- 2. Create the certificate:

```
openssl req -x509 -nodes -days 1095 -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout arm.pem -
out arm.pem
```

- 3. Answer the questions at the prompt. The **Common Name** is used to identify this certificate in the Azure web interface.
- 4. Convert the certificate to CER, as required by Azure:

```
openssl x509 -inform pem -in arm.pem -outform der -out arm.cer
```

5. Extract the RSA key:



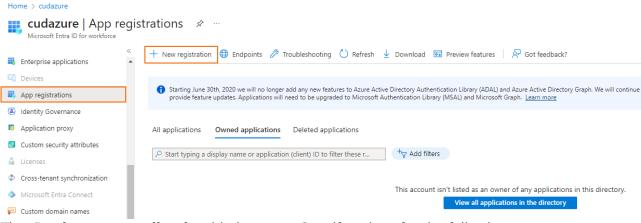
```
openssl rsa -in arm.pem -out arm.key.pem
```

You now have three certificates: *arm.pem*, *arm.key.pem* and *arm.cer*. Use the download function to save these somewhere safe on your device.

Step 2. Create a Microsoft Azure Service Principal

Create a service principal in Microsoft Azure and configure to authenticate with a certificate.

- 1. Log into the Azure portal: <u>https://portal.azure.com</u>
- 2. In the left menu of the Microsoft Entra ID blade, click App registrations.
- 3. Click New registration.



- 4. The **Register an application** blade opens. Specify values for the following:
 - **Name** Enter a name for the application registration.
 - Supported account types Select Accounts in this organizational directory only (<your_directory_name> only - Single tenant). If you have multiple Microsoft Entra ID accounts, select Accounts in any organizational directory - Multitenant).
 - **Redirect URI (optional)** Leave this field blank.

* Name The user-facing display name for this application (this can be changed later).
BarracudaCGFApp 🗸
annananan iki
Supported account types Who can use this application or access this API?
Accounts in this organizational directory only (cudazure only - Single tenant)
 Accounts in any organizational directory (Any directory - Multitenant)
Accounts in any organizational directory (Any directory - Multitenant) and personal Microsoft accounts (e.g. Skype, Xbox)
Help me choose
Redirect URI (optional)
We'll return the authentication response to this URI after successfully authenticating the user. Providing this now is optional and it can be changed later, but a value is required for most authentication scenarios.
Web v e.g. https://example.com/auth

Register an application



- 5. Click Register.
- 6. The newly registered application opens automatically when it is finished.
- 7. In the left menu, click Certificates & secrets .

BarracudaCGFApp 🖈 …
⊃ Search (Ctrl+/) 《 Î Delete ⊕ Endpoint
Overview (j) Got a second? We wou
Quickstart developer).
Integration assistant
anage Display name BarracudaCGFApp
Branding Application (client) ID
Authentication Directory (tenant) ID
Certificates & secrets
Token configuration

8. In the **Certificates & secrets** blade, click **Upload certificate** . Home > cudazure > BarracudaCGFApp

•	BarracudaCGFAp	p (Certificates & sec	erets 🖈 …			×
٩	Search (Ctrl+/)	«	♡ Got feedback?				
5	Overview		Credentials enable confidenti				
63	Quickstart		receiving tokens at a web addressable location (using an HTTPS scheme). For a higher level of assurance, we recommend using a certificate (instead of a client secret) as a credential.				evel of assurance,
×	Integration assistant						
Man	age		Certificates				
No.	Branding		Certificates can be used as se referred to as public keys.	crets to prove the applicati	on's identity wh	hen requesting a	a token. Also can be
Э	Authentication		-				
•	Certificates & secrets		↑ Upload certificate				
81	Token configuration		Thumbprint	Start date	1	Expires	ID
.	API permissions		No certificates have been add	led for this application.			

- 🔷 Expose an API
- 9. The Upload Certificate window opens. Select the *.cer file created in Step 1 and click Add .
 10. After the upload is complete, the certificate is displayed in the list.

₽ Search (Ctrl+/)	≪ ♡ Got feedback?			
S Overview	Credentials enable confidential a			
Quickstart	receiving tokens at a web addres we recommend using a certificat			vel of assurance,
🐔 Integration assistant				
lanage	Certificates			
Branding	Certificates can be used as secre referred to as public keys.	ts to prove the application's ide	entity when requesting a t	token. Also can
Authentication	referred to as public keys.			
Certificates & secrets	↑ Upload certificate			
Token configuration	Thumbprint	Start date	Expires	ID
API permissions	69A132B4CB4300063400FB1B	B0330 1/1/1970	1/19/2038	2bcf87
Expose an API	4			
App roles Preview				

11. Click Overview .



12. In the Overview blade, copy the Application (client) ID and the Directory (tenant) ID and insert both into a text editor. You will need this information later.
Home >

BarracudaCGFApp	☆ …		×
✓ Search (Ctrl+/) «	📋 Delete 🌐 Endpoints 🐱 Preview	/ features	
Overview	∧ Essentials		
🗳 Quickstart	Display name	: BarracudaCGFApp	
💉 Integration assistant	Application (client) ID		
	Directory (tenant) ID		
Manage	Object ID	:	
🔤 Branding	Supported account types	: My organization only	
Authentication	Redirect URIs	: Add a Redirect URI	
📍 Certificates & secrets	Application ID URI	: Add an Application ID URI	
Token configuration	Managed application in local directory	: BarracudaCGFApp	

Step 3. Assigning the Permissions

- 1. Go to the Azure portal: <u>https://portal.azure.com</u>
- 2. G o to the Resource Group that contains the VNET and User Defined Routes of the CloudGen Firewall.
- 3. In the left menu, select Access Control (IAM).

Dashboard > Campus-CGF-VNET		
Rempus-CGF-VNET	Access control (IAM)	
	$+$ Add \downarrow Download role assignments $\equiv\equiv$ Edit columns 💍 Re	efresh 🗙 Remove 💝 Got feedback?
Overview	Check access Role assignments Roles Deny assignments	Classic administrators
Activity log	Check access Role assignments Roles Deny assignments	
Access control (IAM)	My access	
Tags	View my level of access to this resource.	Grant access to this resource
Diagnose and solve problems	View my access	Grant access to resources by assigning a role.
Settings	Check access Review the level of access a user, group, service principal, or	
••• Address space	managed identity has to this resource. Learn more 2	
${\mathscr S}$ Connected devices	Find ①	Add role assignments
<-> Subnets	User, group, or service principal	
DDoS protection	Search by name or email address	View access to this resource

- 4. Click + **Add**.
- 5. Select Add role assignment.



Dashboard > Campus-CGF-VNET	T Access control (IAM)
 Search (Ctrl+/) « 	🗧 🕂 Add 🞍 Download role assignments 🗉 Edit columns 🐧
•• Overview	Add role assignment
Activity log	nts Roles Deny assignme Add co-administrator
Access control (IAM)	My access
Tags	View my level of access to this resource.
Diagnose and solve problems	View my access
ttings	Check access Review the level of access a user, group, service principal, or
> Address space	managed identity has to this resource. Learn more 🖉
Connected devices	Find ①
Subnets	User, group, or service principal 🗸 🗸
DDoS protection	Search by name or email address

- 6. The **Add role assignment** window opens. Specify values for the following:
 - Role Select Network Contributor.
 - Assign Access to Select User, group, or service principal.
 - Select Enter the name of the application created in Step 2 and click on its entry in the list.

Networ	k Contributor 🛈	~
Assign ad	ccess to 🕕	
User, gr	oup, or service principal	\ \
Select ()	
barracu	daCGFApp	
No use	rs, groups, or service principa	is tound.
	rs, groups, or service principa members:	is tound.

7. Click Save.

This role is sufficient for the firewall to manage the route tables. If you want the firewall to monitor the IP Forwarding setting of its network interfaces as well, you must add the role **Virtual Machine Contributor**. Repeat Step 3 and select **Virtual Machine Contributor**.



Add role assignment	×
Role ①	
Virtual Machine Contributor ①	\sim
Assign access to ①	
User, group, or service principal	\sim
Select ①	
Barracudacgf	
No users, groups, or service principals found.	
Selected members:	
BarracudaCGFApp	Remove
Save Discard	

Step 4. Get the Subscription ID

- 1. Log into the Azure portal: <u>https://portal.azure.com</u>
- 2. In the left menu, click **Subscriptions**.

B. Copy the Subscription Home > Subscriptions >	ID in the Subscription ID column.
Subscriptions cudazure	\$ ² ···
🕂 Add 📋 Manage Polic	cies 📒 View Requests 💿 View eligible subscriptions
₽ Search for any field	Subscriptions : Filtered (1 of 1) My role == all
Subscription name $~\uparrow\downarrow$	Subscription ID $\uparrow \downarrow$
	to be an end of the second

4. Insert the Subscription ID in the text editor where you already inserted the Application (client) ID and the Directory (tenant) ID. You will need these 3 IDs in the Step 5.

Step 5. Configure Cloud Integration on the Firewall

- 1. Log into the firewall via Firewall Admin.
- 2. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Cloud Integration**.
- 3. Click Lock.
- 4. In the left menu, click **Azure Networking**.



- 5. In the Azure Networking section, specify values for the following:
 - Azure Deployment Type Select Azure Resource Manager.
 - **Subscription ID** Enter your Subscription ID, retrieved in Step 4.
 - Tenant ID Enter your Tenant ID, retrieved in Step 2.
 - Application ID Enter your Application ID, retrieved in Step 2.
 - **Resource Group** Enter the name of the resource group containing the VNET and the UDR route table.
 - Virtual Network Name Enter the name of the virtual network.
 - Select Certificate Select the certificate created in Step 1 from the drop-down list.
 - Management Key Click on the settings icon. Select Import from File and select the *.pem file created in Step 1.
 - Protect IP forward settings Select yes.

Azure Networking		
Azure Deployment Type	Azure-Resource-Manager-(ARM)	Ēv
Subscription ID		Ēv
Tenant ID		Ē
Application ID		۳.
Resource Group	catamaniuk-RG-CGF	Ēv
Virtual Network Name	catamaniukCGF-VNET	Ēv
Route Check Interval	300] = ~
Select certificate	CampusCGF 💌 🔿	
Management Key	Hash: FMDJGQ 2048 Bits	
Protect IP forwarding settings	yes 🗸 🗸	Ŧ

6. Click Send Changes and Activate.

Step 6. Configure Azure Environment

If your firewall is running in a non-default Azure environment, such as Azure Germany, govcloud, Azure China, or Azure Stack, you must configure the Azure environment. Otherwise, you can skip this step.

- 1. Log into the firewall via Firewall Admin.
- 2. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Cloud Integration**.
- 3. Click Lock.
- 4. In the left menu, click **Configuration mode** and click **Switch to Advanced**.
- 5. In the left menu, click **Azure Networking**.
- 6. Then, specify values for the following:
 - Azure Environment Select the Azure Environment from the drop-down menu. Select Explicit if your environment is not listed in the drop-down menu. If you have selected Explicit, you must provide the following configuration:
 - Service Management URL Enter the Service Management URL.



- Resource Manager URL Enter the Resource Manager URL.
- Active Directory Authority Enter the Active Directory Authority.
- **Token Issuer Service URL** Enter the Token Issuer Service URL.
- **Resource** Enter the resource identifier.

Configuration	Azure Networking		
Azure Networking	Azure Deployment Type	Azure-Resource-Manager-(ARM)	× 1
Azure Event Hub	Subscription ID		
Azure OMS Azure Virtual WAN	Tenant ID		Ē
AWS Integration	Application ID		Ē
AWS Cloudwatch AWS Autoscaling	Resource Group	catamaniuk-RG-CGF	
-	Virtual Network Name	catamaniukCGF-VNET	
Configuration Mode	Route Check Interval	300	
Switch to Basic View	Select certificate	CampusCGF	▼ 🕀
	Select certificate	CampusCur	• •
	Management Key	Hash:	¢.~
	Protect IP forwarding settings	yes	× .
	Azure Environment	🥑 Germany	¥ Ē
	Service Management URL	https://management.core.windows.net	Ē
	Resource Manager URL	https://management.azure.com	Ē
	Active Directory Authority	https://login.windows.net	Ē
	Token Issuer Service URL	https://sts.windows.net	
	Resource		Ē
		L	

7. Click Send Changes and Activate.

Monitoring

Go to **NETWORK > Azure UDR** to see the UDR routing table for all subnets in the firewall's VNET. Routes using the firewall VM as the next hop are marked with a green icon. This icon changes to red during the UDR HA failover process.

Interfaces/IPs	s IPs	Interfaces	Proxy ARPs	ARPs	Statistics	OSPF	RIP	BGP	Switch Info	IPv6 ND Cad	he Azure Ul	DR		
Table / Route	;		Prefix				Next	t Hop Ty	be		Next Hop Gat	teway	Mode	
DO	C-Routet	able												
L 📀	Backend	-2-INET	0.0.0/				Virtu	ualApplia			10.8.1.10		ARM	

All activity is logged to the **Box\Control\daemon** log file.

Box\Control\daemon <r< th=""><th>new Log></th><th></th><th></th></r<>	new Log>					
Select Log File Box\Control\daemon V Reload Log File Tree						
Time	Туре	TZ	Message			
2016 01 22 10:12:17	Notice	+00:00	control: UDP Handler: Server/Service state changed			
2016 01 22 10:12:21	Notice	+00:00	Server State Changed			
2016 01 22 10:12:21	Info	+00:00	Server State for VSNGFHA: this=down other=secondary			
2016 01 22 10:12:21	Notice	+00:00				
2016 01 22 10:12:21	Notice	+00:00	Public Key for secondary boxIP 10.8.1.20 server VSNGFHA present			
2016 01 22 10:12:32	Info	+00:00	control: Send session poll request status to master 10.8.10.10			
2016 01 22 10:12:35	Notice	+00:00	control: UDP Handler: Server/Service state changed			
2016 01 22 10:12:35	Info	+00:00	control: Send status poll request status to master 10.8.10.10			
2016 01 22 10:12:35	Info	+00:00	control: Send session poll request status to master 10.8.10.10			
2016 01 22 10:12:36	Info	+00:00	control: route Backend-2-INET in route table DOC-Routetable successfully updated (old gateway IP: 10.8.1.20 new gateway IP: 10.8.1.10)			



Figures

- 1. dashboard_Cl.png
- 2. create_cert.png
- 3. create2.png
- 4. cert3.png
- 5. export1.png
- 6. export2.png
- 7. export3.png
- 8. app_reg_new.png
- 9. register_new_app.png
- 10. cert_sec.png
- 11. upload_cer.png
- 12. upload_success.png
- 13. ids.png
- 14. IAM1.png
- 15. add_ra.png
- 16. add_role1.png
- 17. add_role2.png
- 18. copy_sub_id.png
- 19. cloud_integration.png
- 20. azure_env.png
- 21. ARM-UDR_01.png
- 22. ARM-UDR_02.png

© Barracuda Networks Inc., 2024 The information contained within this document is confidential and proprietary to Barracuda Networks Inc. No portion of this document may be copied, distributed, publicized or used for other than internal documentary purposes without the written consent of an official representative of Barracuda Networks Inc. All specifications are subject to change without notice. Barracuda Networks Inc. assumes no responsibility for any inaccuracies in this document. Barracuda Networks Inc. reserves the right to change, modify, transfer, or otherwise revise this publication without notice.