

## How to Configure Time Server (NTP) Settings

<https://campus.barracuda.com/doc/17815/>

Precise timekeeping is very important for the CloudGen Firewall and Control Center. HA synchronization, data accounting, Control Center configuration updates, logging, event notification, and other time-based services rely on a correct time system. The NTP daemon can be configured to listen on the management IP, additional local IP addresses, and, if remote managed, the VIP address of the managed firewall on port UDP/123. Connections to the NTP daemon are handled by the host firewall. Two synchronization methods are supported:

- **NTP Servers** – The firewall acts as a client and retrieves and sets the time according to the time retrieved from the NTP server. You can use multiple NTP servers. The time deviation between the NTP server and the firewall must be less than 1000 seconds for the synchronization to succeed. To continuously synchronize the time with a NTP server, you must enable the NTP daemon. If multiple time servers are used, the time server with the lower stratum value is preferred.
- **NTP Peers** – To keep the time in your network synchronized when the NTP servers are unavailable, use the two-way NTP peer synchronization. NTP peers will converge toward a median time in multiple steps. No synchronization step can exceed two minutes. This means that two systems might take some time to synchronize. You can use MD5, SHA, SHA1, Ripe-MD160, and autokey authentication.

When using a Firewall Control Center for multiple systems in different time zones, consider using UTC for all your systems.

When you run the NTP, your system becomes vulnerable to NTP exploits and UDP-based DoS attacks. Never use untrusted reference time servers or run a time server in a hostile environment.

- **Using the Control Center as a Timer Server for Managed Firewalls** – For managed firewalls, you can configure the Control Center as a time server. On the Control Center, set **Start NTPd** to **Yes** and sync with external NTP servers. On the managed firewalls, set **Start NTPd** to **Yes** and enter the IP address of the Control Center into the list of time servers. NTPd then uses the host rule **BOX-NTP-OUT-T** and will receive time information from the Control Center.

### Before You Begin

(optional) To use an FQDN or hostname as the NTP server, the firewall must be able to resolve the hostname. For more information, see [How to Configure DNS Settings](#).

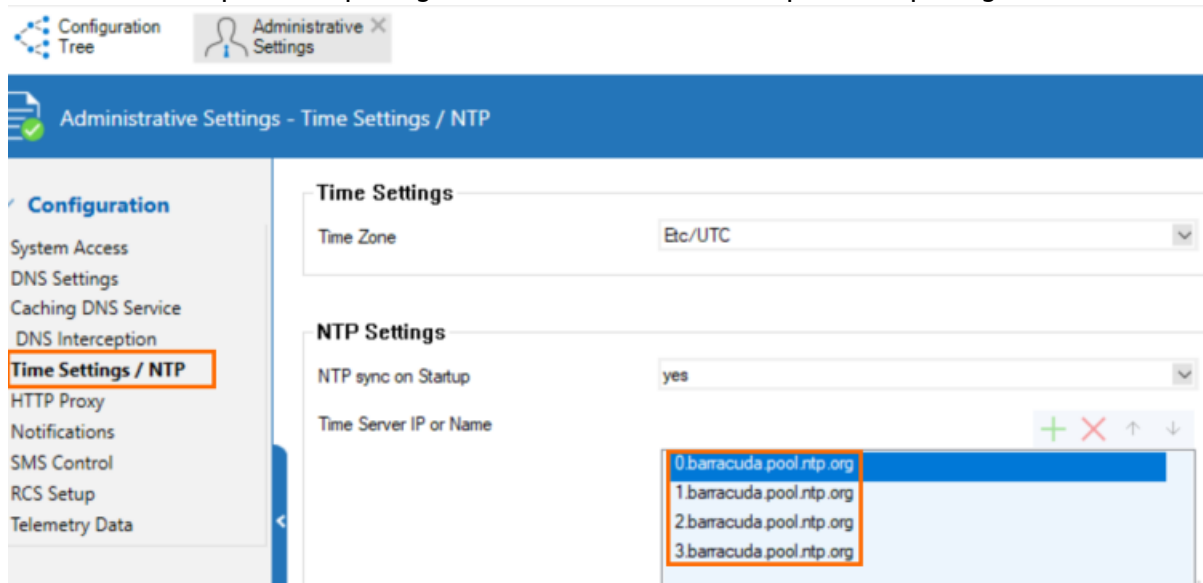
## Step 1. Configure Time Settings

1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Administrative Settings**.
2. In the left menu, click **Time Settings / NTP**.
3. Click **Lock**.
4. Select your **Timezone** in the form *country/city*.
5. Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

## Step 2. Configure the Time Server

Configure the NTP servers you are using to set and synchronize the time for your Barracuda CloudGen Firewall. NTP servers must be reachable from the management IP address of the firewall or Control Center for stand-alone systems. For managed firewalls, the NTP server must be reachable through the remote management tunnel.

1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Administrative Settings**.
2. In the left menu, click **Time Settings / NTP**.
3. Click **Lock**.
4. Enable **NTP sync on Startup** to synchronize with an NTP server via ntpdate when starting.  
(You can also run an NTP daemon on the system for continuous time synchronization.)
5. In the Time Server IP or Name table, add the IP address or hostname of the NTP time server(s).  
For example, you can add one or all of the following time servers to the list:  
0.barracuda.pool.ntp.org, ... , 3.barracuda.pool.ntp.org.



A remote, managed CloudGen Firewall as an NTP server can be used by entering its VIP address.

6. Enable **Start NTPd** to synchronize the NTP daemon with the NTP time server(s).
7. Set the **Local Clock Stratum** value for the NTPd. If you are configuring a Control Center, make sure to use a stratum value lower than the default stratum (10) of the CloudGen Firewall.
8. (optional) Select the events that you want to be notified about (Event-IDs 2070-2073) in **Event on NTPd**:
  - **start-failure (default)**
  - **+stop-failure**
  - **++start-success**
  - **+++stop-success**The list is additive. Events further down the list automatically include all the events that are listed before them.
9. Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

### Step 3. (optional) Configure NTP Peers

Configure the NTP peers in your network. NTP peers should be on the same stratum. To authenticate NTP peers, you can choose between passphrase/MD5 and NTP autokey authentication. NTP peers must be reachable from the management IP address of the CloudGen Firewall.

Passwords can consist of small and capital characters, numbers, and non-alpha-numeric symbols, except the hash sign (#).

1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Administrative Settings**.
2. In the left menu, click **Time Settings / NTP**.
3. Click **Lock**.
4. In the **Time Peers** section, click **+** to add your NTP peers. The **Time Peers** window opens.
5. Specify the following settings for each peer:
  - **Peer IP Address** – Enter the IP address for the NTP peer.
  - **Peer Authentication Type** – Select **None**, **MD5**, **SHA**, **SHA1**, **Ripe-MD160** or **Autokey** authentication.
  - **(MD5,SHA,SHA1, RipeMD160 authentication only) Peer Authentication ID** – Enter a number between 0 and 1000000. You must use the same Peer Authentication ID on all peers.
  - **(MD5,SHA,SHA1, RipeMD160 authentication only) Peer Authentication** – Enter the NTP peer authentication string.
  - **(Autokey authentication only) Peer Host Name** – Enter the FQDN for the trusted NTP peer.
  - **(Autokey authentication only) Trusted Public Key** – Import the public key for the NTP peer.
6. Click **OK**.
7. If you are using NTP autokey authentication, click **Set** next to **NTP Autokey Configuration**.

The **NTP Autokey Configuration** window opens.

1. Enter the **NTP Key Password** which is used to encrypt the private key.
2. Click **Create New NTP Key**.
3. Click **OK**. The NTP certificate is created.
4. Click **Ex/Import** and select **Export to File**. Use the public key to authenticate to other NTP peers.
8. Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

## Event Processing

The event setting only pertains to NTPd behavior during controlled start or stop sequences. You will not be notified when NTPd is killed manually or just dies unexpectedly. Events are also triggered when the NTPd is restarted on the [Box page](#) with the following options:

- **Restart NTP** – The control daemon restarts the NTPd.
- **Sync** – Starts the synchronization processes with the *ctrltime* script, which stops the NTPd and then executes *ntpddate* on port 123.

## NTP Troubleshooting

On the command line, enter: `ntpq -p` to check which NTP servers and peers your Barracuda CloudGen Firewall is using. See below for an example of an CloudGen Firewall using one NTP server (10.0.10.44) and three NTP peers. For more information, see <http://ntp.org>

```
[root@HQ-NG2:~]# ntpq -p
      remote           refid      st t when poll reach   delay   offset  jitter
=====
LOCAL(0)           .LOCL.         10 l 1810   16    0    0.000    0.000    0.000
*10.0.10.44         194.11.27.31    3 u   22   32  377    0.396   -0.807    0.102
-10.0.10.88         10.0.10.63      5 u   42   64  376    0.335   -0.125    0.326
+10.0.10.70         10.0.10.44      4 u   43   64  376    0.611   -0.186   21.559
+10.0.10.63         10.0.10.44      4 u   40   64  376    0.374   -0.201    9.844
[2014-11-10 16:03 CET] [-root shell-] [-Barracuda Networks-]
[root@HQ-NG2:~]#
```

## Figures

1. ntp\_servers\_for\_barracuda\_zones.png
2. ntpq.png

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