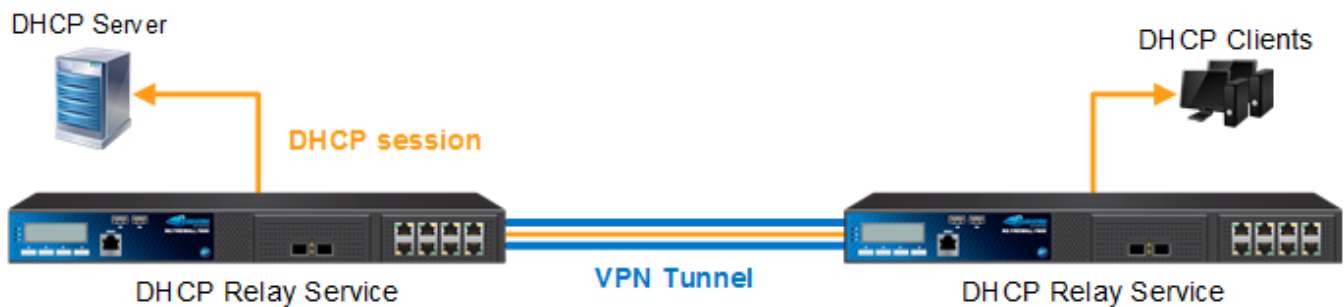


How to Configure a DHCP Relay over a VPN Tunnel

<https://campus.barracuda.com/doc/43847365/>

To use the same DHCP server in two different networks that are connected by a VPN tunnel, configure DHCP relays on both the local and remote NG Firewalls.



In this article:

Before you Begin

- Create a Site-to-Site VPN tunnel between both locations.
- Use a separate DHCP server, such as the DHCP server on Windows Servers in your network. It is not possible to use the DHCP service on the NG Firewall in this scenario.

Step 1. Create an Access Rule on the Local NG Firewall

Create an PASS access rule allowing the management IP address of the remote NG Firewall access to the DHCP server.

1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Virtual Servers > your virtual server > Assigned Services > Firewall > Forwarding Rules** .
2. Click **Lock**.
3. Right-click in the main area and select **New** and **Rule**. The **Edit Rule** window opens.
4. Create the following access rule:
 - **Action** - Select **PASS**.
 - **Source** - Enter the management IP address of the remote NG Firewall.
 - **Service** - Create and select a Service object for UDP Port 67.
 - **Destination** - Enter the IP address of the DHCP server.

- **Connection** – Select **No SNAT**.
- 5. Click **OK**.
- 6. Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

Step 2. Create a DHCP Relay on the Remote NG Firewall

Configure DHCP Relay on the remote NG Firewall to pass along

1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Virtual Servers > your virtual server > Assigned Services > DHCP Relay > DHCP Relay Settings** .
2. Click **Lock**.
3. Check the **Enable Relay for IPv4** checkbox.
4. Click **+** for each **Relay Interface** the DHCP Relay listens on:
 1. Select the internal interface used to connect to the DHCP server from the list. E.g., **eth0**
 2. Enter the VPN interface used for the Site-to-Site tunnel in the **Other** textbox. E.g., **vpn0**

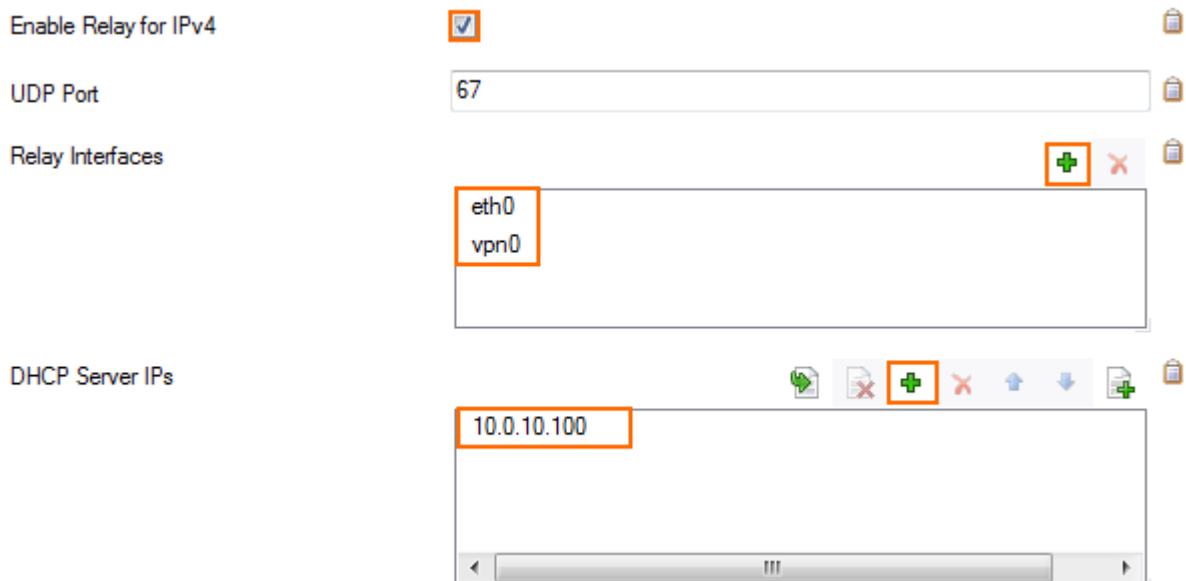
Relay Interfaces



eth0
eth1
eth2
eth3
eth4
port1
port2
port3
port4
MGMT
INT
EXT
DMZ

Other: vpn0

5. Click **+** and add the **DHCP Server IPs**. E.g., 10.0.10.100



Enable Relay for IPv4

UDP Port: 67

Relay Interfaces: eth0, vpn0

DHCP Server IPs: 10.0.10.100

6. Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

Step 3. Create a Host Firewall Rule on the Remote NG Firewall

Create an access rule to allow the traffic of the DHCP Relay service into the VPN tunnel.

1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Infrastructure Services > Host Firewall Rules**.
2. Click **Lock**.
3. Click on the **Outbound** rule set.
4. Create a new PASS access rule. The **Edit Rule** window opens.
5. Enter the **Name** of the rule. E.g., BOX-DHCP-OUT-RELAY-VPN
6. Use the following settings for the access rule:
 - **Action** – Select **PASS**.
 - **Source** – Select **Any**.
 - **Service** – Select **DHCP-S**.
 - **Destination** – Select **World**.
7. Select from the **Connection Method** list.
8. Double-click on **Std Explicit** in the **Connection Method** section. The **Edit / Create a Connection Object** window opens.

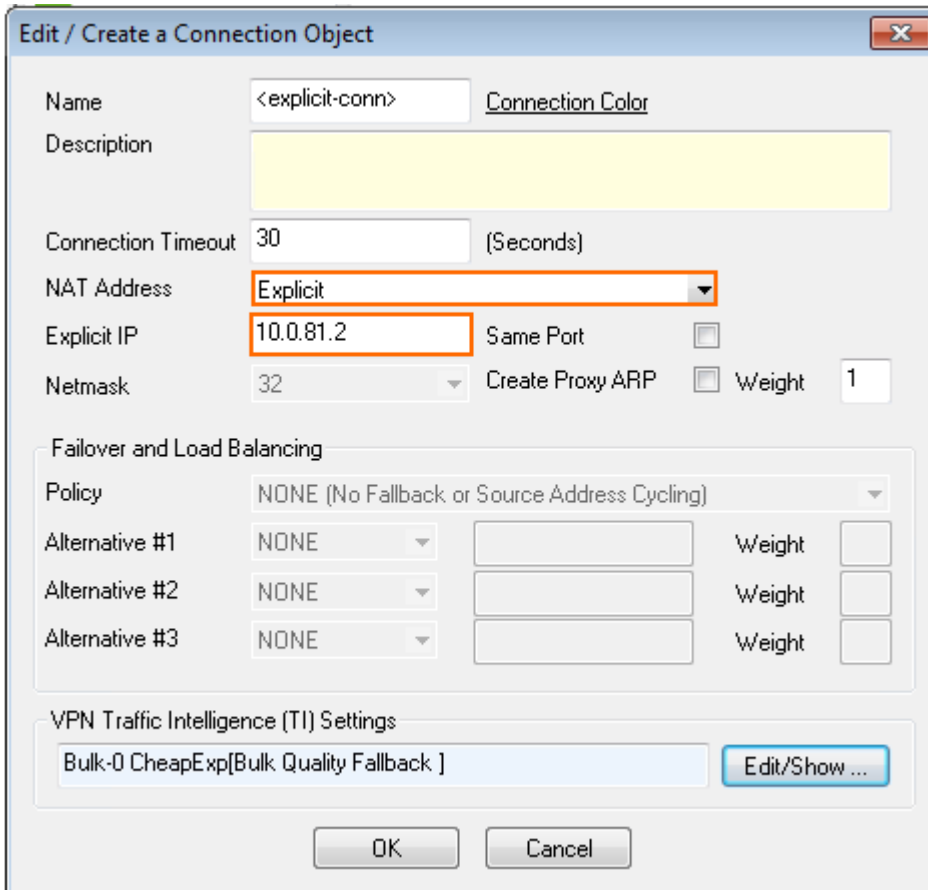
Pass BOX-DHCP-OUT-RELAY-VPN
Allows broadcasts from local DHCP client service.

Bi-Directional Dynamic Rule Deactivate Rule

Source	Service	Destination
Any	DHCP-S	World
0.0.0.0/0	UDP 67	0.0.0.0/0

Authenticated User	Policy	Connection Method
Any	IPS Policy	<explicit-conn>
	No Scan	Std Explicit
	Time Objects	--> 10.0.81.2
	Always	
	QoS Band (Fwd)	
	Management (ID 1)	
	QoS Band (Reply)	
	Like-Fwd	

9. From the **NAT Address** list select **Explicit**.
10. Enter the management IP address of the NG Firewall as the **Explicit IP**.



Edit / Create a Connection Object

Name: <explicit-conn> [Connection Color](#)

Description: [Empty text box]

Connection Timeout: 30 (Seconds)

NAT Address: Explicit

Explicit IP: 10.0.81.2 Same Port

Netmask: 32 Create Proxy ARP Weight: 1

Failover and Load Balancing

Policy: NONE (No Fallback or Source Address Cycling)

Alternative	Policy	Weight
Alternative #1	NONE	
Alternative #2	NONE	
Alternative #3	NONE	

VPN Traffic Intelligence (TI) Settings

Bulk-0 CheapExp[Bulk Quality Fallback] [Edit/Show ...](#)

OK Cancel

11. Click **OK**.
12. Click **OK**.
13. Place the access rule above the **BOX-DHCP-OUT** rule.
14. Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

Clients in the remote network can now receive DHCP leases from the DHCP server in the local network.

Figures

1. DHCP_Relay_VPN_Tunnel.png
2. relay01.png
3. relay02.png
4. relay05.png
5. relay06.png

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