

How to Configure Azure Route Tables (UDR) in Azure using PowerShell and ASM

<https://campus.barracuda.com/doc/53248677/>

Azure allows you to change the routing in your VNET with Azure User Defined Routes (UDR). You must enable IP forwarding for the Barracuda NextGen Firewall F-Series and then create and configure the routing table for the backend networks, so all traffic is routed through the Barracuda NextGen Firewall F-Series in the frontend subnet. The Azure routing table can be assigned to multiple backend subnets. F-Series Firewalls using multiple network interfaces do not support high availability deployments.

Limitations

After the Azure routing table has been applied, the VMs in the backend networks are only reachable via the NextGen Firewall F-Series. This also means that existing Endpoints allowing direct access no longer work.

Before You Begin

- Deploy a Barracuda NextGen Firewall F-Series in the Azure cloud. For more information, see [Microsoft Azure Deployments using Azure Service Manager \(ASM\)](#).
- Install Azure PowerShell version 0.9.8 or higher.

Step 1. Enable IP Forwarding for the Barracuda NextGen Firewall F-Series VM

To forward traffic, you must enable IP forwarding for each network interface on the Barracuda NextGen Firewall F-Series VM.

1. Open Azure PowerShell.
2. To enable **IP forwarding** for the primary network interface, enter:
`Get-AzureVM -ServiceName YOUR_CLOUD_SERVICE -Name YOUR_VM_NAME | Set-AzureIPForwarding -Enable`

```
PS E:\azure> Get-AzureVM -ServiceName DOCNET2 -Name DOC-NG2 | Get-AzureIPForwarding
VERBOSE: 13:49:51 - Completed Operation: Get Deployment
Enabled
PS E:\azure>
```

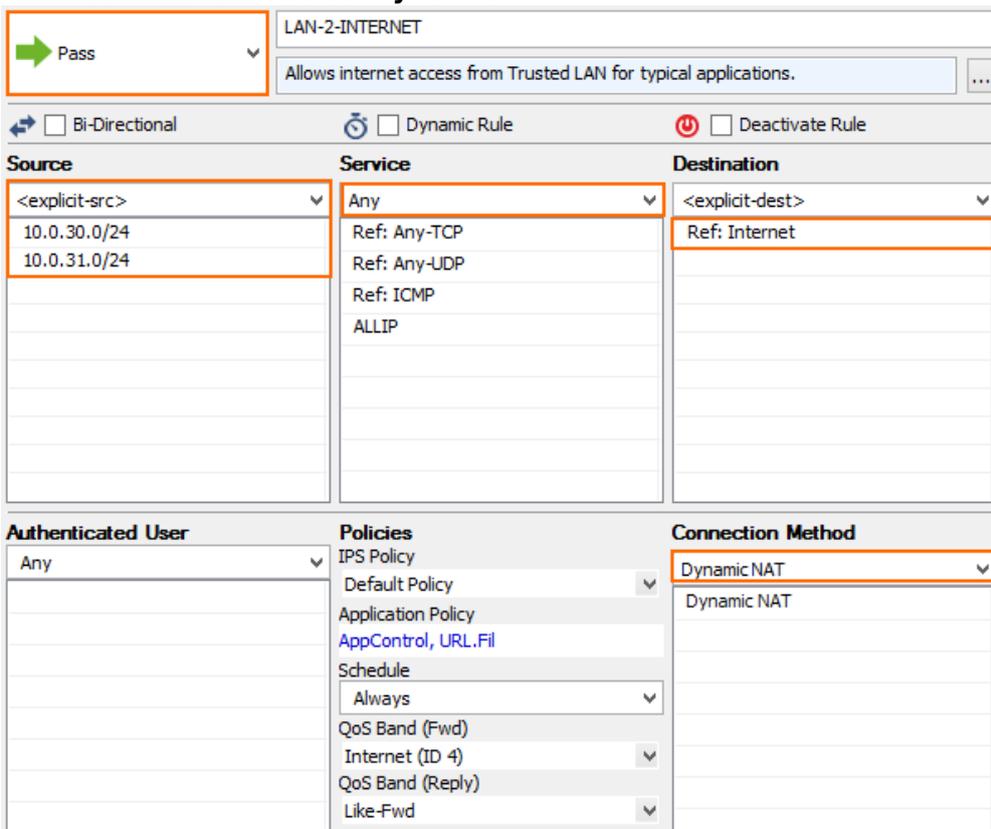
3. If you are using a Barracuda NextGen Firewall F-Series VM with more than one network interface, you must also enable **IP forwarding** on the other network interfaces:
`Get-AzureVM -ServiceName YOUR_CLOUD_SERVICE -Name YOUR_VM_NAME | Set-`

All traffic from the backend subnets is now routed through the Barracuda NextGen Firewall F-Series VM. Propagating the routing table changes to the VMs in the subnets can take a couple of minutes. See the Troubleshooting section below on how to query Azure for the actual (effective) routing table used by the VM.

Step 3. Create Access Rules on the Barracuda NextGen Firewall F-Series

By default, all outgoing traffic from the backend is blocked by the NextGen Firewall F-Series. Create an access rule to allow access to the Internet.

1. Log into the Barracuda NextGen Firewall F-Series.
2. Create a **PASS** access rule:
 - o **Source** - Enter the backend subnet networks.
 - o **Service** - Select **Any**.
 - o **Destination** - Select **Internet**.
 - o **Connection** - Select **Dynamic NAT**.



The screenshot shows the configuration page for an access rule named "LAN-2-INTERNET". The action is set to "Pass". The rule description is "Allows internet access from Trusted LAN for typical applications." The rule is configured with the following settings:

- Source:** 10.0.30.0/24, 10.0.31.0/24
- Service:** Any
- Destination:** Internet
- Connection Method:** Dynamic NAT
- Authenticated User:** Any
- Policies:** Default Policy, Application Policy (AppControl, URL.Fil), Schedule (Always), QoS Band (Fwd) (Internet (ID 4)), QoS Band (Reply) (Like-Fwd)

3. Click **OK**.
4. Place the access rule so that no access rule above it matches the same traffic.
5. Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

Your VMs in the backend networks can now access the Internet via the Barracuda NextGen Firewall F-

Series.

Troubleshooting

- Verify that IP forwarding is enabled for both network interfaces on the Barracuda NextGen Firewall F-Series.

```
Get-AzureVM -ServiceName CLOUD_SERVICE_NAME -Name VM_NAME | Get-
AzureIPForwarding Get-AzureVM -ServiceName CLOUD_SERVICE_NAME -Name
VM_NAME | Get-AzureIPForwarding -NetworkInterfaceName NIC2
```

- Check the effective routing table used by the VMs in the backend networks.

```
Get-AzureVM -ServiceName DOCNET2 -Name DOC-NG2 | Get-
AzureEffectiveRouteTable
```

```
PS E:\azure> Get-AzureVM -ServiceName DOC-Linux -Name DOC-Linux | Get-AzureEffectiveRouteTable
VERBOSE: 15:16:12 - Completed Operation: Get Deployment

Effective routes :
-----
Name                Address Prefix      Next hop type      Next hop IP address  Status  Source
-----
ngfw                {10.0.0.0/8}        UNETLocal          10.0.30.30           Active  Default
                   {0.0.0.0/0}         VirtualAppliance
```

- If traffic is not forwarded through the NextGen Firewall F-Series even though it is enabled for each network interface and the correct access rule matches, try creating a new VNET. Using a new VNET requires you to redeploy your Barracuda NextGen Firewall F-Series VM.

Monitoring

Check **Network > Azure UDR** to see the UDR route table for the VNET. UDR routes pointing to the F-Series Firewalls are marked with a green icon.

Figures

1. UDR_01.png
2. UDR_01a.png
3. UDR_02.png
4. UDR_03.png
5. UDR_05.png
6. UDR_04.png

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