

How to Configure an AWS Elastic Load Balancer for F-Series Firewalls in AWS

<https://campus.barracuda.com/doc/58490896/>

The Elastic Load Balancer is a managed layer 4 load balancer by AWS. The ELB can be deployed as a public-facing load balancer or internally in your VPC. Instances are added either manually or, if associated with an Auto Scaling group, automatically. The load balancer continuously checks the health of the instances and takes unhealthy instances out of rotation. By enabling cross-zone loadbalancing, the load balancer spreads out the load evenly over multiple availability zones.

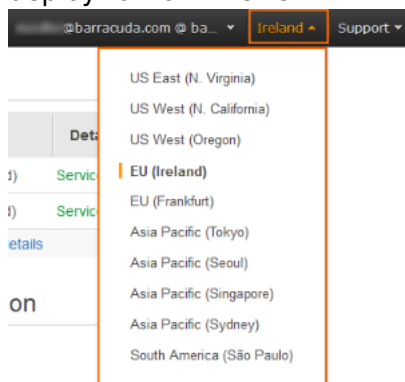
AWS reference architectures

This article is used in the following AWS reference architectures:

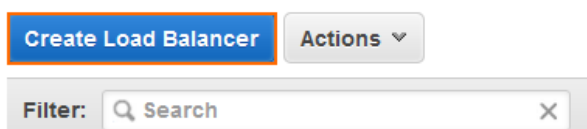
- [AWS Implementation Guide - High Availability Firewall Cluster with Route Shifting](#)

Create an AWS Load Balancer

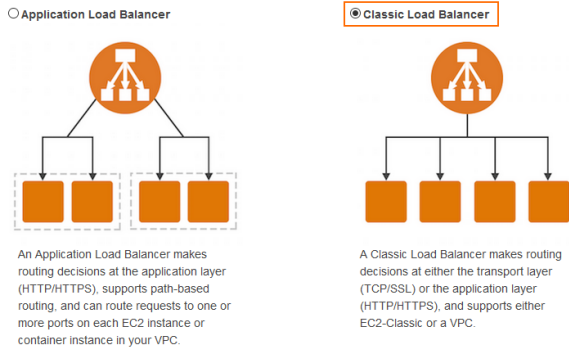
1. Log into the AWS console.
2. In the upper right, click on the datacenter location, and select the datacenter you want to deploy to from the list.



3. Log into the AWS console.
4. Click **Services** and select **EC2**.
5. In the **Load Balancing** section of the left menu, click **Load Balancer**.
6. Click **Create Load Balancer**.



7. Select **Classic Load Balancer** and click **Continue**.



Cancel Continue

8. Enter the **Basic Configuration Settings**:

- o **Load Balancer name** - Enter name for the load balancer.
- o **Create LB inside** - Select the VPC the firewalls are deployed from from the list.
- o **Create an internal load balancer** - Select the check box to create an internal load balancer. Internal load balancers are reachable from within the VPC and do not have a public IP address.

Load Balancer name:
Create LB Inside:
Create an internal load balancer: (what's this?)
Enable advanced VPC configuration:

9. For each **Listener**, click **Add** and enter:

- o **Load Balancer Protocol** - Select the protocol from the list. Supported protocols: **TCP, HTTP, HTTPS, SSL (Secure TCP)**.
- o **Load Balancer Port** - Enter the external port.
- o **Instance Protocol** - Enter the protocol. In most cases, this is the same protocol as the **Load Balancer Protocol**. To offload SSL encryption to the ELB, different protocols can be selected (e.g, HTTPS to HTTP).
- o **Instance Port** - Enter the port number of the service on the instance.

Listener Configuration:

| Load Balancer Protocol | Load Balancer Port | Instance Protocol | Instance Port | |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| <input style="border: 1px solid orange;" type="text" value="TCP"/> | <input style="border: 1px solid orange;" type="text" value="691"/> | <input style="border: 1px solid orange;" type="text" value="TCP"/> | <input style="border: 1px solid orange;" type="text" value="691"/> | ✕ |
| <input style="border: 1px solid orange;" type="text" value="HTTPS (Secure HTTP)"/> | <input style="border: 1px solid orange;" type="text" value="443"/> | <input style="border: 1px solid orange;" type="text" value="HTTP"/> | <input style="border: 1px solid orange;" type="text" value="443"/> | ✕ |

10. Click **+** in the **Actions** column to add subnets to the load balancer. Add the subnets containing the firewall instances. Each subnet should be in a different Availability Zone.

Available subnets

| Actions | Availability Zone | Subnet ID | Subnet CIDR | Name |
|----------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------------|
| + | eu-west-1a | subnet-84eb7bf2 | 10.100.10.0/24 | DOC Public Subnet #2 |
| + | eu-west-1c | subnet-6d06f109 | 10.100.1.0/24 | DOC- Private subnet #1 |

Selected subnets

| Actions | Availability Zone | Subnet ID | Subnet CIDR | Name |
|----------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|
| - | eu-west-1c | subnet-6e06f10a | 10.100.0.0/24 | DOC Public subnet |

Cancel **Next: Assign Security Groups**

11. Click **Next: Assign Security Groups**.
12. Click **Create new security group**.
13. For each load balancer listener, create a **Rule**. Click **Add Rule** for each additional security group rule required.
 - o **Type** - Select the protocol or type of traffic. E.g., **Custom TCP Rule** for TCP, or **HTTPS** for SSL-encrypted web traffic.
 - o **Port Range** - Enter the port. E.g., 691 for TINA VPN
 - o **Source** - Select the source of the traffic. For Internet traffic, select **Anywhere** and enter **0.0.0.0/0**.

Assign a security group: Create a **new** security group
 Select an **existing** security group

Security group name:

Description:

| Type <i>i</i> | Protocol <i>i</i> | Port Range <i>i</i> | Source <i>i</i> | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Custom TCP Rule <i>v</i> | TCP | 691 | Anywhere <i>v</i> | 0.0.0.0/0 <i>x</i> |
| HTTPS <i>v</i> | TCP | 443 | Anywhere <i>v</i> | 0.0.0.0/0 <i>x</i> |

Add Rule

Cancel Previous **Next: Configure Security Settings**

14. Configure the **Health Check**.
 - o **Ping Protocol** - Select the protocol from the list.
 - o **Ping Port** - Enter the port. E.g, 691 for TINA VPN, or 443 for HTTPS
 - o **Response Timeout** - Enter the number of seconds the probe waits for an answer.
 - o **Interval** - Enter the number of seconds between two probes.
 - o **Unhealthy threshold** - Enter the number of failed health checks for the instance to be considered unhealthy. Unhealthy health checks are taken out of rotation until healthy again.
 - o **Healthy threshold** - Enter the the number of successful health checks for the instance to be considered healthy.

Ping Protocol

Ping Port

Advanced Details

Response Timeout ⓘ seconds

Interval ⓘ seconds

Unhealthy threshold ⓘ

Healthy threshold ⓘ

15. Click **Next: Add EC2 Instances**.
16. (optional) If the firewall EC2 instances are already deployed, select the EC2 instances.
17. Select **Enable Cross-Zone Load Balancing**.

Availability Zone Distribution

Enable Cross-Zone Load Balancing ⓘ

Enable Connection Draining ⓘ seconds

18. Click **Next: Add Tags**.
19. (optional) Add **Key / Value** tags to the resource. Click **Create Tag** to add additional tags.
20. Click **Review and Create**.

▼ Define Load Balancer [Edit load balancer definition](#)

Load Balancer name: Firewall-Load-Balancer
 Scheme: internet-facing
 Port Configuration: 691 (TCP) forwarding to 691 (TCP)

▶ Configure Health Check [Edit health check](#)

▶ Add EC2 Instances [Edit instances](#)

▶ VPC Information [Edit subnets](#)

▶ Security groups [Edit security groups](#)

[Cancel](#)
[Previous](#)
[Create](#)

21. Review the settings and click **Create**.

The Elastic Load Balancer is now deployed and ready for use.

| Filter: | Firewall-Load-Balancer | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|--------------|------------------------|---------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Name | DNS name | State | VPC ID | Availability Zones | Type |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Firewall-Load-Balancer | Firewall-Load-Balancer-2279... | | vpc-0a84896f | eu-west-1c, eu-west-1a | classic |

Figures

1. aws_deploy_00.png
2. aws_elb_01.png
3. aws_elb_02.png
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6. aws_elb_05.png
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9. aws_elb_08.png
10. aws_elb_09.png
11. aws_elb_10.png

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