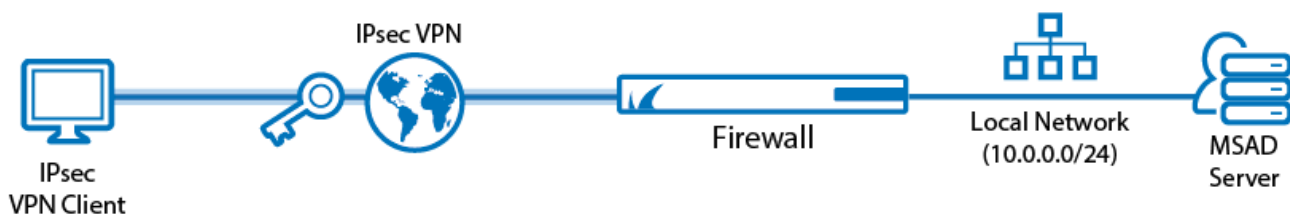


Example - Client-to-Site IKEv2 IPsec VPN with Username/Password Authentication

<https://campus.barracuda.com/doc/73719148/>

Use an IPsec IKEv2 client-to-site VPN to let mobile workers connect securely to your Barracuda CloudGen Firewall with a standard compliant IKEv2 VPN client.



Supported VPN Clients

Although any standard-compliant IPsec IKEv2 client should be able to connect via IPsec, Barracuda Networks recommends using the following clients:

- Windows 8.1/Windows 10 native IKEv2 IPsec VPN client
- Windows 10 Mobile 10.0.14393 or newer

Android requires a third-party IKEv2 client software; iOS devices are currently not supported.

Before You Begin

- Set up the VPN certificates for external CA. For more information, see [How to Set Up External CA VPN Certificates](#).
- Configure MS-Chapv2 authentication. For more information, see [How to Configure MS-CHAP Authentication](#). For RADIUS-based authentication, this step is not required.
- Identify the subnet and gateway address to use for the VPN service in your network (e.g., 192.168.6.0/24 and 192.168.6.254).
- Identify the IPv4 and IPv6 addresses the VPN service is listening on. If you are using a dynamic WAN IP, see [How to Configure VPN Access via a Dynamic WAN IP Address](#).

Step 1. Prepare VPN Certificates

1. Get the corresponding root certificate (or create a new one) that should be used to issue a VPN server certificate.

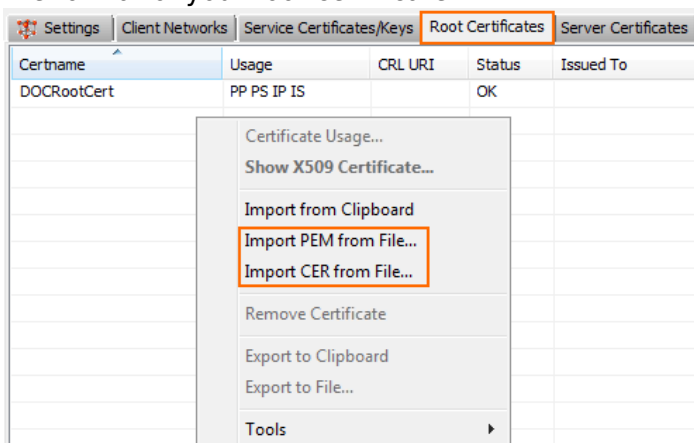
The root certificate must be considered as trusted on the client device (e.g., by importing it into the Trusted Root Certification Authorities Certificate Store on Windows).

2. Create a new VPN server certificate by using the CA from above with the following requirements:
 - Hostname of the VPN server that is entered on the client must be contained in the subjectAltName field of the certificate.
 - Required Key Usage fields:
 - Non-Repudiation, Digital Signature, Key Encipherment
 - Required EKU fields:
 - IP Security IKE Intermediate (OID 1.3.6.1.5.5.8.2.2)
 - Server Authentication (OID 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.1)

You should now have a root certificate in CER or PEM format and a VPN certificate in PKCS12, CRT, or PEM format.

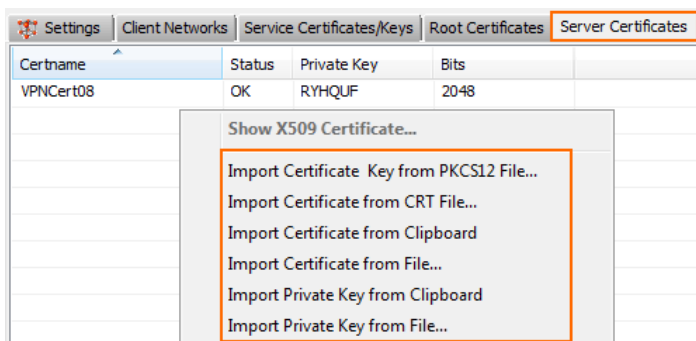
Step 2. Add Certificates to VPN Settings

1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Virtual Servers > your virtual server > Assigned Services > VPN-Service > VPN Settings**.
2. Click **Lock**.
3. Click the **Root Certificates** tab.
4. Right-click the table and click **Import CER from File** or **Import PEM from File**, depending on the format of your root certificate.



5. Select and upload the root certificate created in Step 1.
6. Click the **Server Certificates** tab.
7. Right-click the table and click the **Import Certificate** menu item matching your VPN server

certificate.



8. Select and upload the VPN certificate created in Step 1.
9. Click the **Service Certificates/Keys** tab.
10. Right-click the table and select **New Key**.
11. Enter a **Key Name**.
12. Select the **Key Length**.



13. Click **OK**.
14. Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

Step 3. Create the VPN Client Network

All VPN clients will receive an IP address from the VPN client network with a static gateway. You can choose the gateway IP address freely from the subnet.

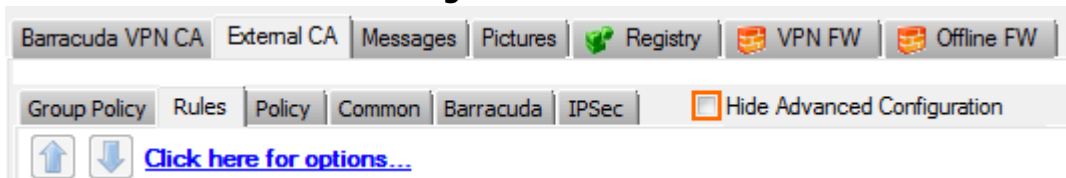
1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Virtual Servers > your virtual server > Assigned Services > VPN-Service > VPN Settings**.
2. Click **Lock**.
3. Click the **Client Networks** tab.
4. Right-click the table and select **New Client Network**. The **Client Network** window opens.
5. In the **Client Network** window, configure the following settings:
 - **Advertise Route** - Select check box to include the VPN network in the OSPF or BGP network.
 - **Name** - Enter a descriptive name for the network.
 - **Network Address** - Enter the base network address for the VPN clients.
 - **Network Mask** - Enter the subnet mask for the VPN client network.
 - **Gateway** - Enter the gateway network address.
 - **Type** - Select **routed (Static Route)**. VPN clients are assigned an address via DHCP

(fixed or dynamic) in a separate network reserved for the VPN. A static route on the firewall leads to the local network.

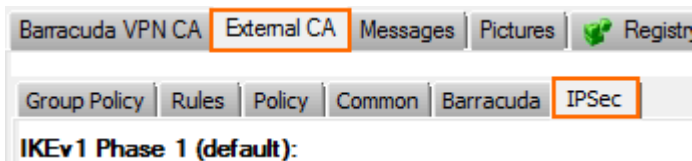
6. Click **OK**.
7. Click **Send Changes** and then click **Activate**.

Step 4. Configure IKEv2 Phase 1 and 2

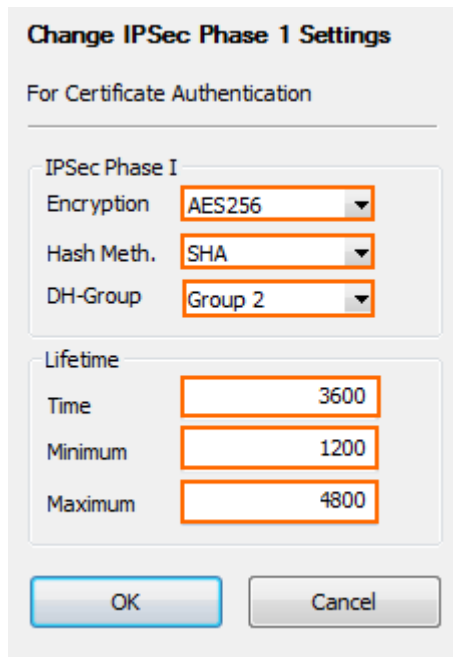
1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Virtual Servers > your virtual server > Assigned Services > VPN-Service > Client to Site**.
2. Click **Lock**.
3. Click the **External CA** tab.
4. Clear the **Hide Advanced Configuration** check box.



5. Click the **IPsec** sub-tab.



6. In the **IKEv2 Phase 1 (default)** section, double-click on the Phase 1 encryption settings. The **Change IPsec Phase 1** window opens.
7. Configure the **IPsec Phase 1** encryption settings:
 - **Encryption** – Select **AES256**.
 - **Hash Meth** – Select **SHA**.
 - **DH-Group** – Select **Group 2**.
8. (optional) Set the IPsec Phase 1 **Lifetime** settings:
 - **Time** – Enter 3600
 - **Minimum** – Enter 1200
 - **Maximum** – Enter 4800
9. Click **OK**.



Change IPsec Phase 1 Settings

For Certificate Authentication

IPsec Phase I

Encryption: AES256

Hash Meth.: SHA

DH-Group: Group 2

Lifetime

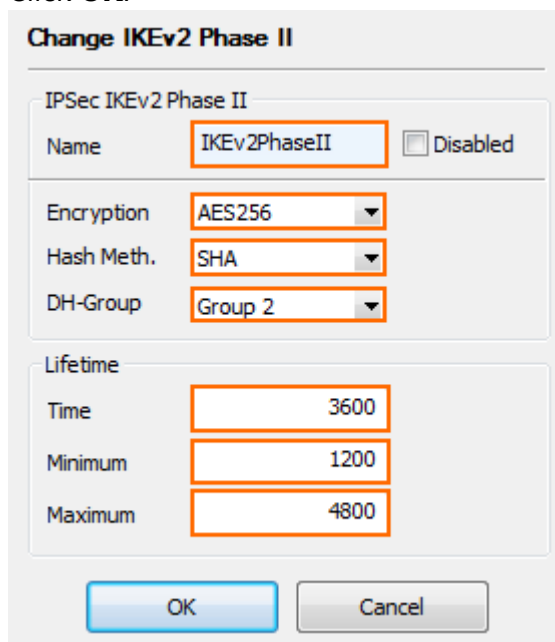
Time: 3600

Minimum: 1200

Maximum: 4800

OK Cancel

10. Right-click in the **IKEv2 Phase 2** table and select **New IKEv2 Phase II**. The **IPsec IKEv2 Phase II** windows opens.
11. Enter a **Name**.
12. Configure the IPsec phase 2 encryption settings:
 - **Encryption** - Select **AES256**.
 - **Hash Meth** - Select **SHA**.
 - **DH-Group** - Select **Group 2**.
13. (optional) Set the IPsec Phase 2 **Lifetime** settings:
 - **Time** - Enter 3600
 - **Minimum** - Enter 1200
 - **Maximum** - Enter 4800
14. Click **OK**.



Change IKEv2 Phase II

IPsec IKEv2 Phase II

Name: IKEv2PhaseII ☐ Disabled

Encryption: AES256

Hash Meth.: SHA

DH-Group: Group 2

Lifetime

Time: 3600

Minimum: 1200

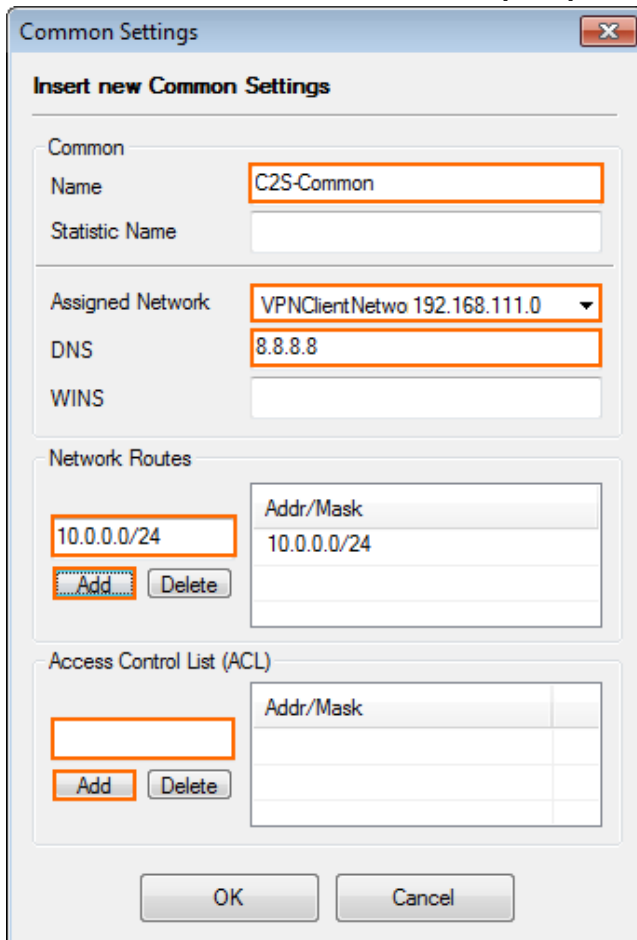
Maximum: 4800

OK Cancel

15. Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

Step 5. Configure VPN Common Settings

1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Virtual Servers > your virtual server > Assigned Services > VPN-Service > Client to Site**.
2. Click **Lock**.
3. Click the **External CA** tab.
4. Click the **Common** sub-tab.
5. Right-click the table and select **New Common**. The **Common Settings** window opens.
6. Enter a **Name**.
7. (optional) Enter a **Statistic Name**. For more information, see [Statistics](#).
8. From the **Assigned Network** drop-down list, select the VPN network created in Step 3.
9. (optional) Enter the **DNS** server IP address.
10. (optional) Enter the **WINS** server IP address.
11. Enter the **Network Routes** that should be sent through the VPN tunnel and click **Add**. To send all traffic through the VPN tunnel, enter 0.0.0.0/0.
12. (optional) To limit the source from which VPN connections are accepted, add the IP addresses or subnets to the **Access Control List (ACL)**.



The image shows a screenshot of the 'Common Settings' dialog box in the Barracuda CloudGen Firewall interface. The dialog box has a title bar with a close button (X). Below the title bar, there is a section titled 'Insert new Common Settings'. The settings are organized into several sections:

- Common**:
 - Name**: A text field containing 'C2S-Common'.
 - Statistic Name**: An empty text field.
- Assigned Network**: A dropdown menu showing 'VPNClientNetwo 192.168.111.0'.
- DNS**: A text field containing '8.8.8.8'.
- WINS**: An empty text field.

Below these fields is a section titled 'Network Routes'. It contains a table with two columns: 'Addr/Mask' and 'Addr/Mask'. The first row has '10.0.0.0/24' in the first column and '10.0.0.0/24' in the second column. There are 'Add' and 'Delete' buttons next to the table.

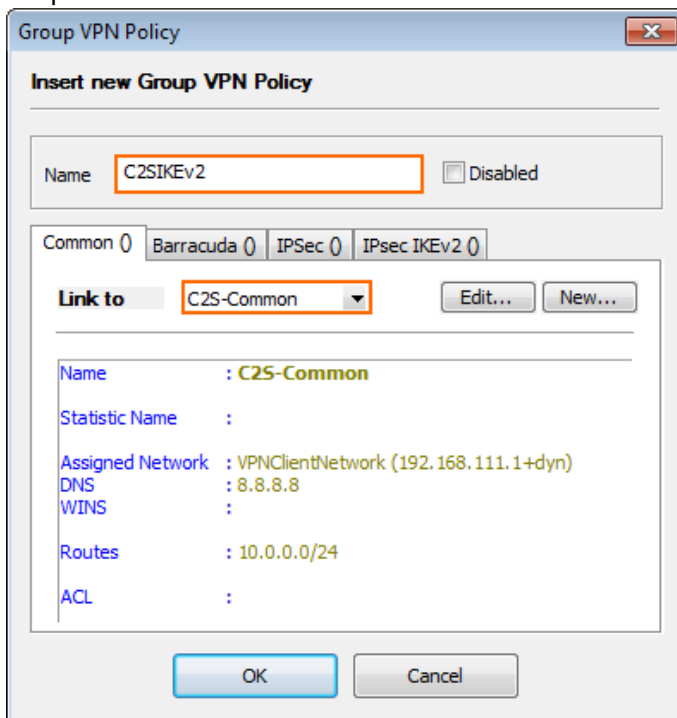
Below the 'Network Routes' section is a section titled 'Access Control List (ACL)'. It contains a table with two columns: 'Addr/Mask' and 'Addr/Mask'. The first row has an empty text field in the first column and an empty text field in the second column. There are 'Add' and 'Delete' buttons next to the table.

At the bottom of the dialog box are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

13. Click **OK**.
14. Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

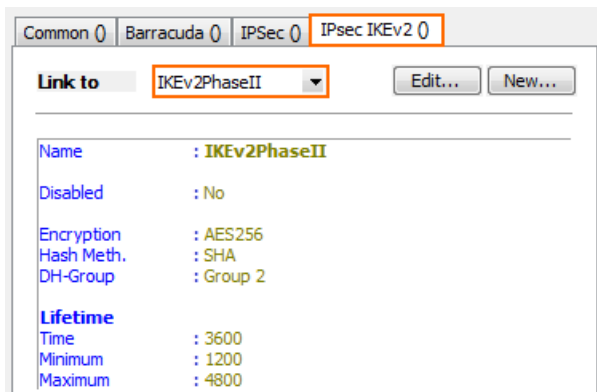
Step 6. Configure a VPN Group Policy

1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Virtual Servers > your virtual server > Assigned Services > VPN-Service > Client to Site**.
2. Click **Lock**.
3. Click the **External CA** tab.
4. Click the **Policy** sub-tab.
5. Right-click in the table and select **New Policy**. The **Group VPN Policy** window opens.
6. Enter a **Name**.
7. In the **Common** tab, select the VPN common settings you created in Step 5 from the **Link to** drop-down list.



The image shows the 'Group VPN Policy' configuration window. The title bar says 'Group VPN Policy'. Inside, the subtitle is 'Insert new Group VPN Policy'. There is a 'Name' field with 'C2SIKEv2' entered and a 'Disabled' checkbox. Below this are tabs for 'Common', 'Barracuda', 'IPSec', and 'IPsec IKEv2'. The 'Common' tab is selected. Under 'Link to', a dropdown menu shows 'C2S-Common' selected, with 'Edit...' and 'New...' buttons. Below the dropdown is a table of settings: Name: C2S-Common, Statistic Name: (empty), Assigned Network: VPNClientNetwork (192.168.111.1+dyn), DNS: 8.8.8.8, WINS: (empty), Routes: 10.0.0.0/24, and ACL: (empty). At the bottom are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

8. Click the **IPsecIKEv2** tab.
9. Select the IPsec IKEv2 Phase 2 settings from the **Link to** drop-down list.

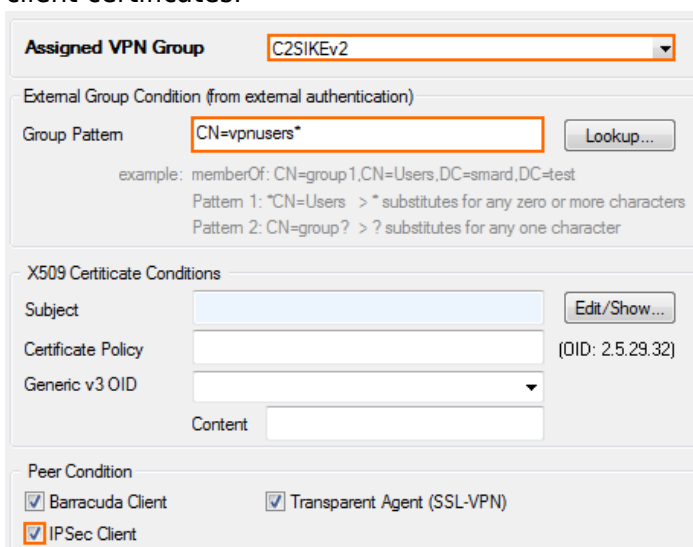


Common 0		Barracuda 0		IPSec 0		IPsec IKEv2 0	
Link to		IKEv2PhaseII		Edit...		New...	
Name : IKEv2PhaseII							
Disabled : No							
Encryption : AES256							
Hash Meth. : SHA							
DH-Group : Group 2							
Lifetime							
Time : 3600							
Minimum : 1200							
Maximum : 4800							

10. Click **OK**.
11. Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

Step 7. Configure VPN Rules

1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Virtual Servers > your virtual server > Assigned Services > VPN-Service > Client to Site**.
2. Click **Lock**.
3. Click the **External CA** tab.
4. Click the **Rules** sub-tab.
5. Right-click in the table and select **New Rule**. The **Group Policy Condition** window opens.
6. From the **Assigned VPN Group** list, select the group VPN policy created in Step 6.
7. (external authentication only) Enter a **Group Pattern** to define the groups that will be assigned the policy. E.g.: CN=vpnusers*
8. In the **Peer Condition** section, verify that the **IPsec Client** check box is selected.
9. (optional) In the **X509 Certificate Conditions** section, enter matching conditions for the X.509 client certificates.

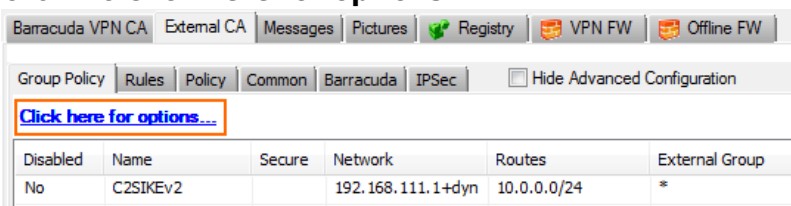


Assigned VPN Group		C2SIKEv2	
External Group Condition (from external authentication)			
Group Pattern		CN=vpnusers*	
example: memberOf: CN=group1,CN=Users,DC=smard,DC=test			
Pattern 1: *CN=Users > * substitutes for any zero or more characters			
Pattern 2: CN=group? > ? substitutes for any one character			
X509 Certificate Conditions			
Subject		Edit/Show...	
Certificate Policy		(OID: 2.5.29.32)	
Generic v3 OID			
Content			
Peer Condition			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Barracuda Client		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Transparent Agent (SSL-VPN)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPsec Client			

10. Click **OK**.
11. Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

Step 8. Configure Group VPN Settings

1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Virtual Servers > your virtual server > Assigned Services > VPN-Service > Client to Site**.
2. Click **Lock**.
3. Click the **External CA** tab.
4. Click the **Click here for options** link.



5. From the **Authentication Scheme** drop-down list, select **Default Authentication Scheme**.
6. From the **Default Authentication Scheme** drop-down list, select **msad** or **radius**.
7. From the **Server** drop-down list, select the VPN server certificate uploaded in Step 2.
8. From the **Server Protocol Key** drop-down list, select the service certificate created in Step 2.
9. From the **Used Root Certificates** drop-down list, select the root certificate uploaded in Step 2.
10. Click **OK**.
11. Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

Step 9. Add Access Rules

Add an access rule to connect your client-to-site VPN to your network.

For more information, see [How to Configure an Access Rule for a Client-to-Site VPN](#).

Monitoring VPN Connections

On the **VPN > Client-to-Site** page, you can monitor VPN connections. The page lists all available client-to-site VPN tunnels. In the **Tunnel** column, the color of the square indicates the status of the VPN:

- **Blue** – The client is currently connected.
- **Green** – The VPN tunnel is available, but currently not in use.
- **Grey** – The VPN tunnel is currently disabled. To enable the tunnel, right-click it and select **Enable Tunnel**.

For more information on the **VPN > Client-to-Site** page, see [VPN Tab](#).

Troubleshooting

To troubleshoot VPN connections, see the `srv_<SERVER_NAME>_<VPN_SERVICE_NAME>_IKEv2.log` log file. For more information, see [LOGS Tab](#).

Next Step

Configure the remote access clients to connect to the client-to-site VPN.

For more information, see [Remote Access Clients](#).

Figures

1. Client2SiteIPsecVPN.png
2. C2S_IKEv2_01.png
3. C2S_IKEv2_02.png
4. C2S_IKEv2_02a.png
5. C2S_IKEv2_02b.png
6. C2S_IKEv2_03.png
7. C2S_IKEv2_04.png
8. C2S_IKEv2_05.png
9. C2S_IKEv2_06.png
10. C2S_IKEv2_07.png
11. C2S_IKEv2_08.png
12. C2S_IKEv2_09.png
13. C2S_IKEv2_11.png

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