Restoring a SQL Database

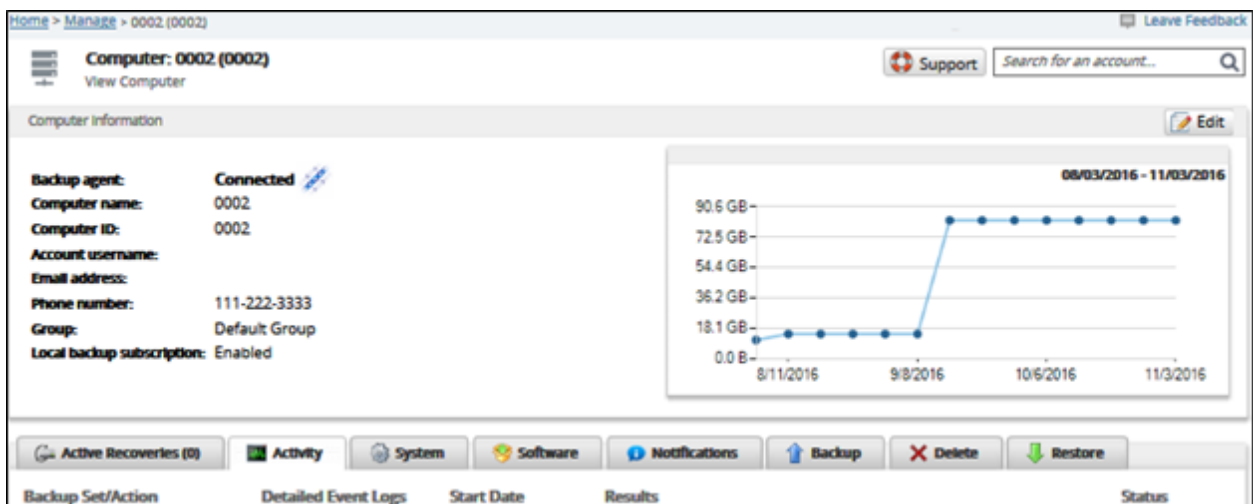https://campus.barracuda.com/doc/93198934/

When it comes to restoring SQL databases, you have the option to restore just the (.bak) files or restore directly back into a running SQL instance.
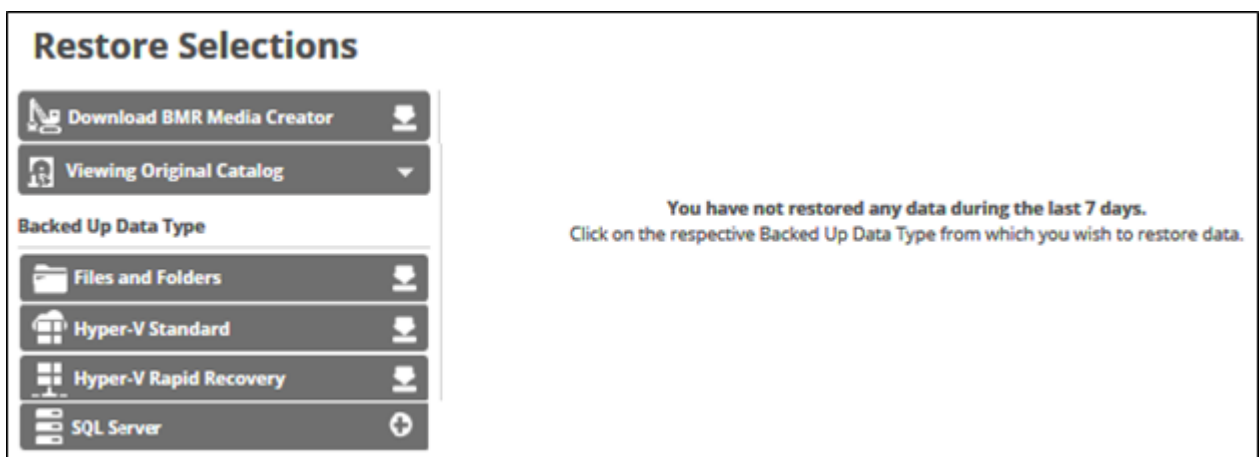
Ensure that you have twice the size of the database(s) available for restore. Half of the space is for temporary files

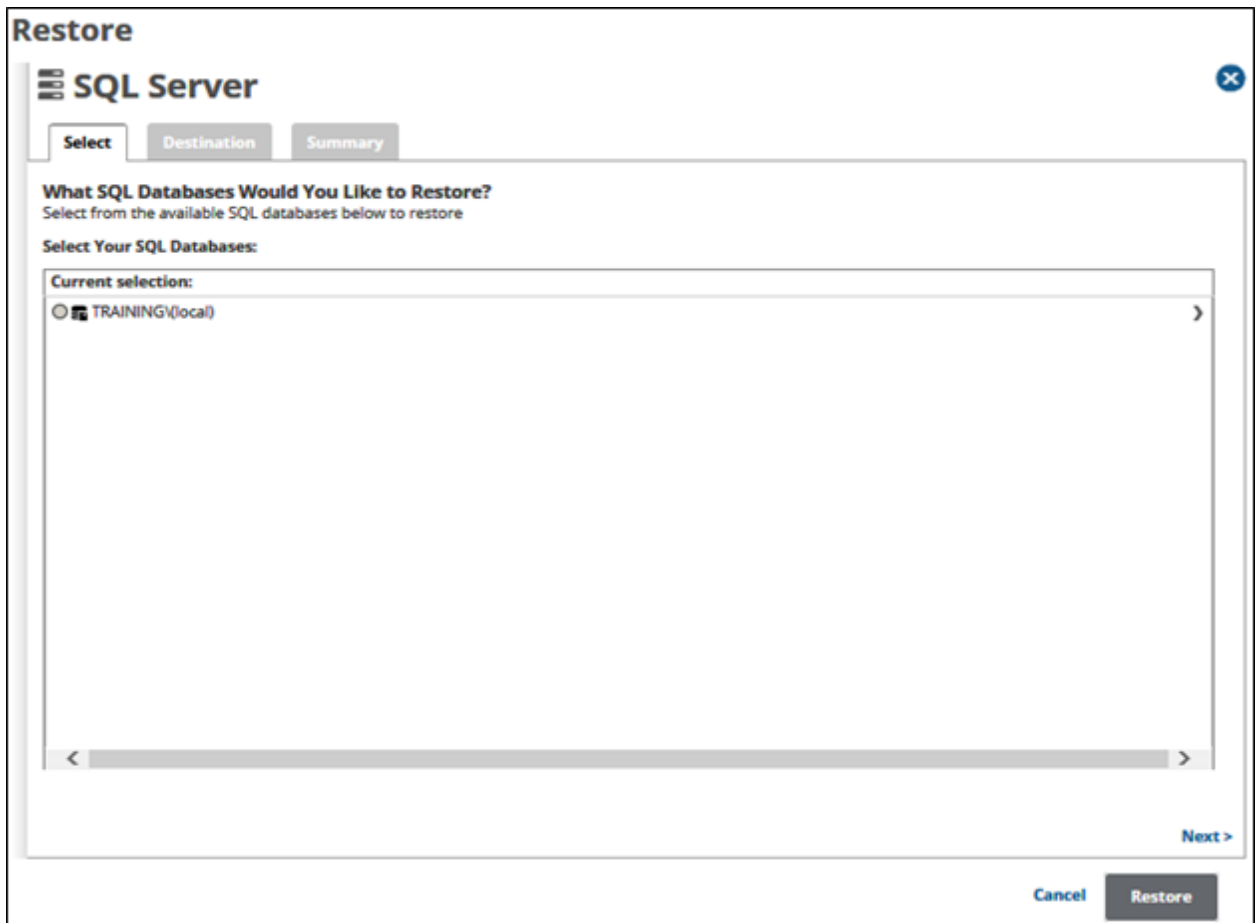To restore a SQL Server, perform the following steps.

1. Navigate to the Computer page. See Navigating to the Computer Page for instructions.
   The Computer page is displayed.

2. Click the **Restore** tab.
   The Restore Selections page is displayed.

3. Click **SQL Server**.
   The Select page is displayed.

Restore

SQL Server

| Select | Destination | Summary |

What SQL Databases Would You Like to Restore?
Select from the available SQL databases below to restore

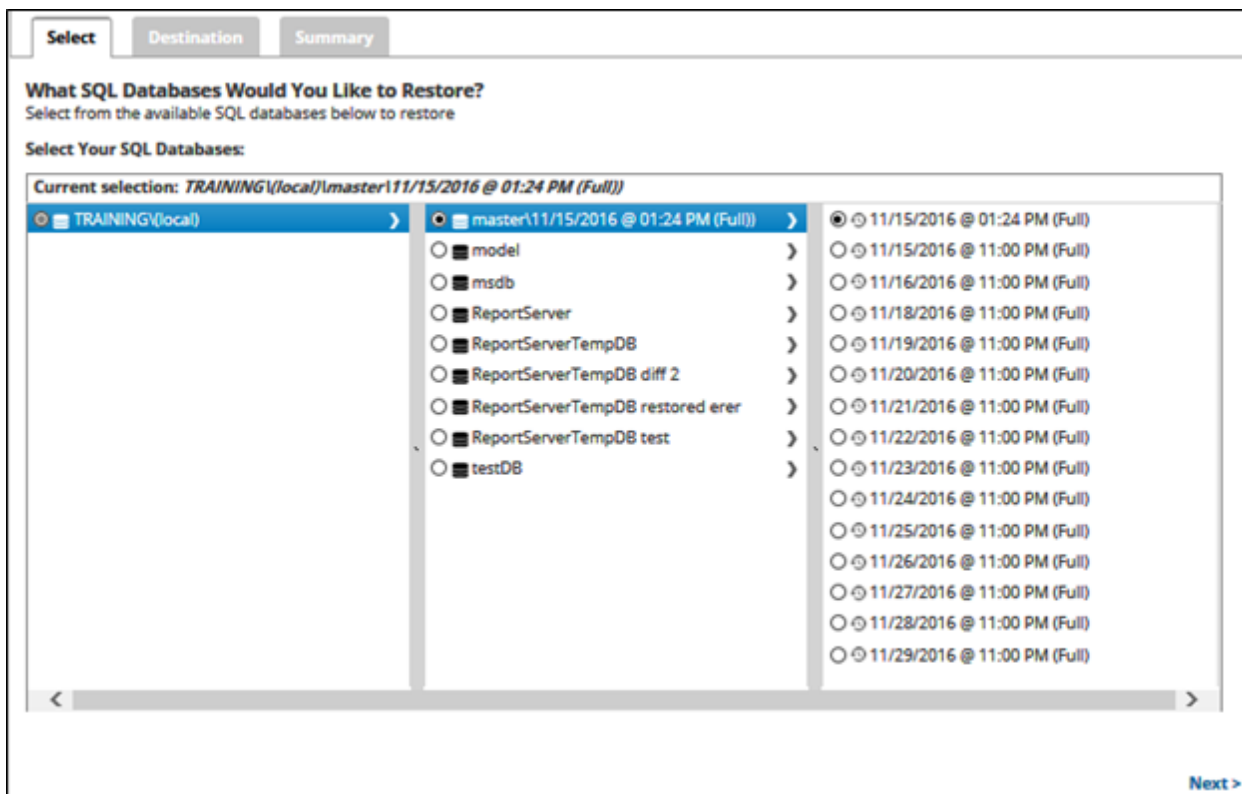**Select Your SQL Databases:**

Current selection:

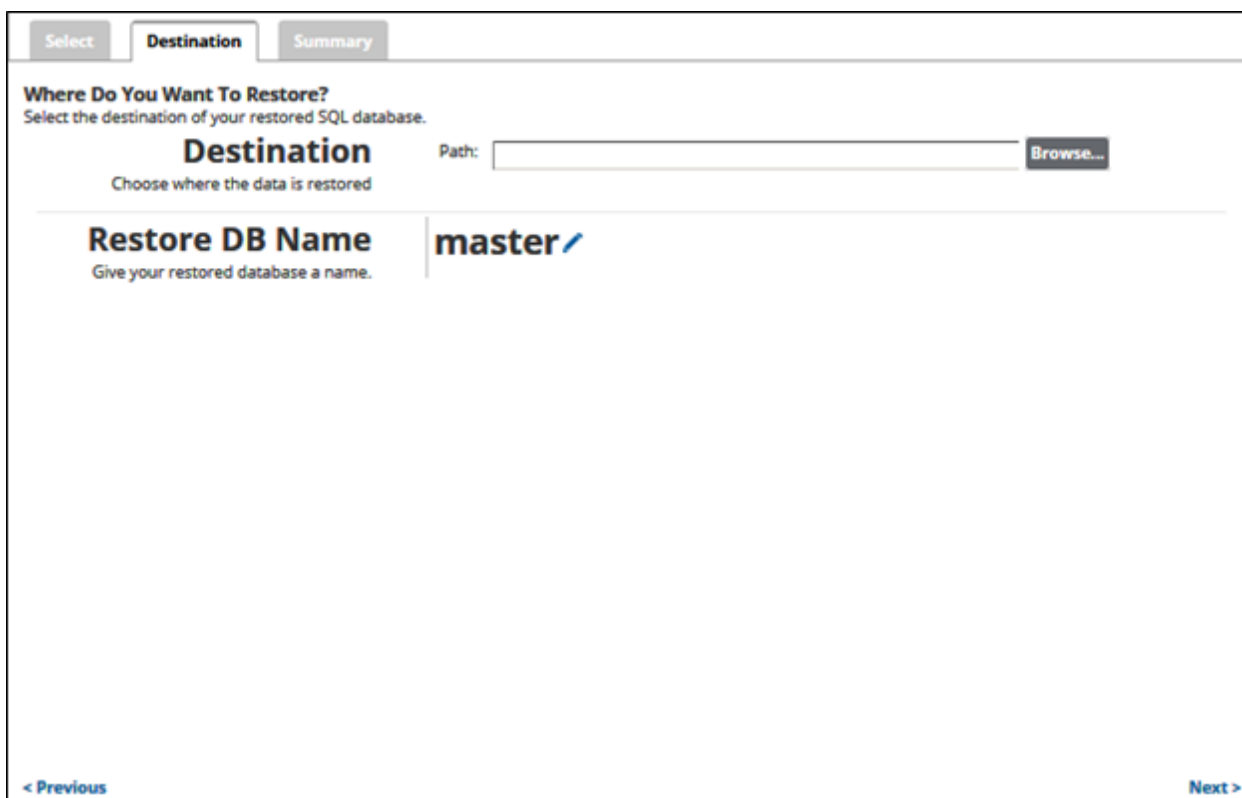TRAINING\(local)

Next >

Cancel   Restore

4. In the Current Selection pane, click the radio button of the backup set you would like to restore. The selection is displayed in the right pane.
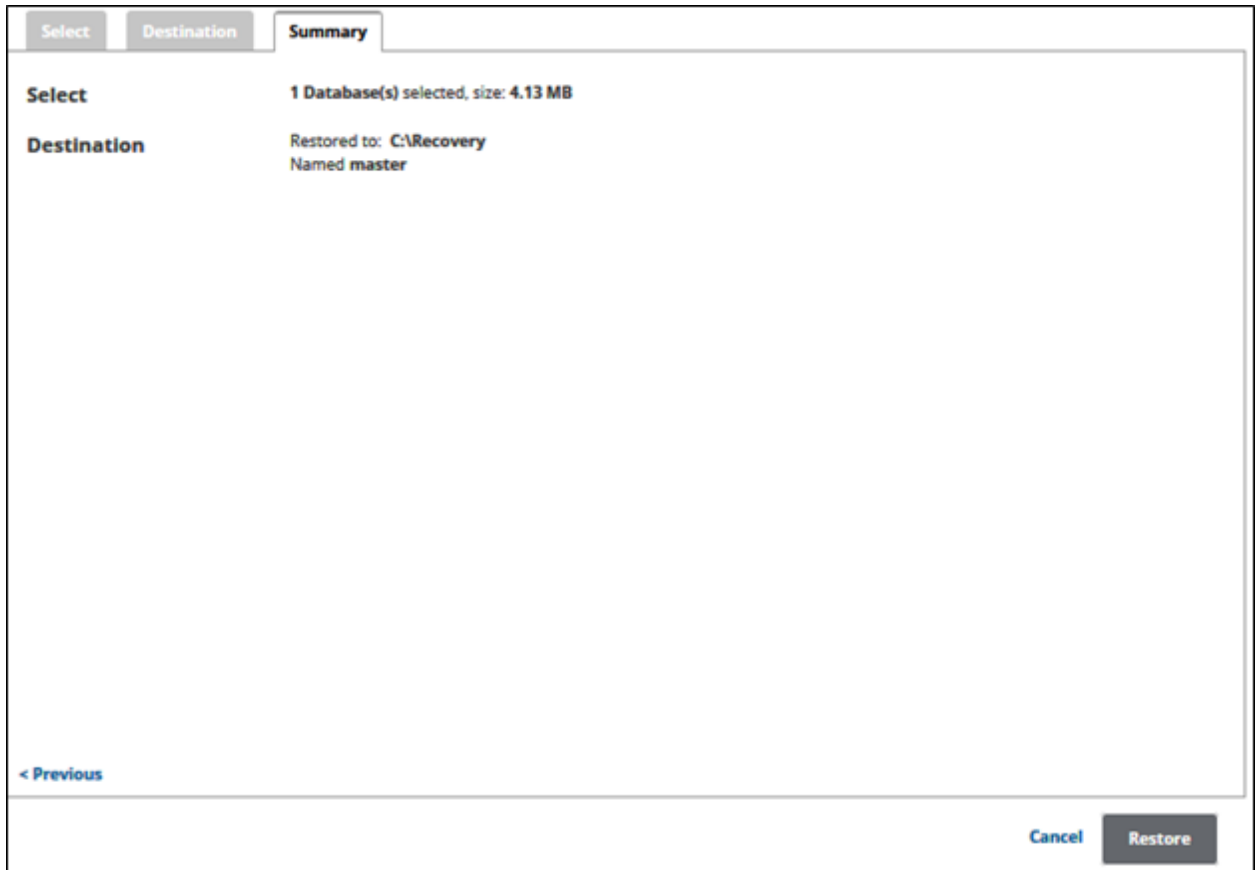
Clicking the arrow at the right of the items displays more databases.

5. Click **Next**.

The Destination page is displayed.

6. At the Path field, type or browse to the destination of the restore. See Browsing to a Folder.
7. Click the restore name to provide a new name for the restore database or accept the default. See Changing Backup Set Names.
8. Click **Next**.
The Summary page is displayed.

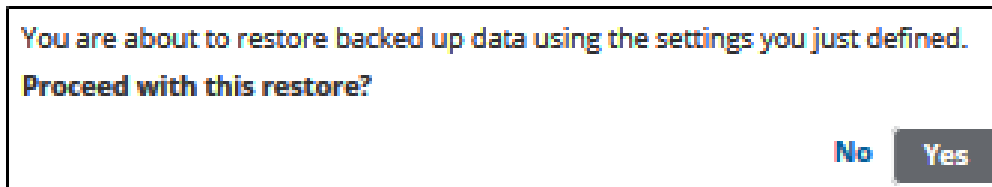9. Verify your selections, and then click the **Restore**
The confirmation pop-up is displayed.

10. Click **Yes**.
The Restore Selections page is displayed with the status.

Figures

1. campus computer page.png
2. campus restore.png
3. campus select page.png
4. campus select1.png
5. campus destination page.png
6. campus summary page.png
7. campus confirm.png