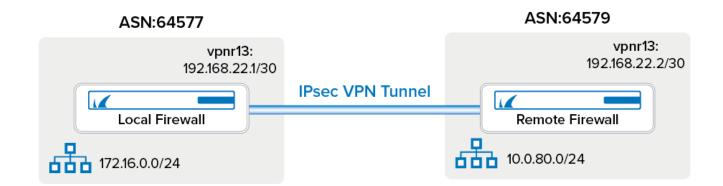


How to Configure BGP Routing over an IKEv1 IPsec VPN Tunnel

https://campus.barracuda.com/doc/96026044/

Follow the instructions in this article to configure the BGP service with an intermediary /30 network between a local and remote VPN gateway. The BGP service uses the IPsec tunnel to dynamically learn the routes of the remote network. You must configure both the local and remote Barracuda CloudGen Firewalls.



	Example Values for the Local Barracuda CloudGen Firewall	Example Values for the Remote Barracuda CloudGen Firewall
VPN Next Hop Interface Index	13	13
VPN Next Hop Interface IP Address	192.168.22.1/30	192.168.22.2/30
Shared Network IP Address	192.168.22.1	192.168.22.2
VPN Local Networks	192.168.22.0/30	192.168.22.0/30
VPN Remote Networks	192.168.22.0/30	192.168.22.0/30
VPN Interface Index	13	13
VPN Next Hop Routing	192.168.22.2	192.168.22.1
ASN	64577	64579
Router ID	192.168.22.1	192.168.22.2
Neighbor IPv4	192.168.22.2	192.168.22.1
Neighbor AS Number	64579	64577
Neighbor Update Source Interface	vpnr13	vpnr13

Before You Begin



Before you configure BGP over an IPsec VPN, obtain the following:

- A free /30 subnet. E.g., 192.168.22.0/30
- Autonomous system numbers (ASNs) for the remote and local networks. The ASNs can be private or public because the VPN is not directly connected to the Internet.

Step 1. Add a VPN Next Hop Interface

Add a VPN next hop interface using a /30 subnet.

- 1. Go to CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Assigned Services > VPN-Service > VPN Settings.
- 2. Click Lock.
- 3. In the left menu, select **Routed VPN**.
- 4. Next to the Next Hop Interface Configuration table, click Add.
- 5. Configure the VPN next hop interface settings:
 - In the VPN Interface Index field, enter a number between 0 and 999. E.g., 13
 - In the **IP Addresses** field, enter the VPN interface IP address. E.g., 192.168.22.1/30 for the local firewall or 192.168.22.2/30 for the remote firewall.

VPN Interface Properties	×	(
VPN Interface Properties		
VPN Interface Index	13	
MTU	1398 🗸	
IP Addresses	192.168.22.1/30	
Multicast Addresses		
	·	
OK	Cancel	

• Click **OK**. The VPN next hop interface is listed in the **VPN Next Hop Interface Configuration** table.

Next Hop Interface Configuration

VPN I MTU	IPs	Multicast	Add
vpn13 1398	192.168.22.1		Edit
			Delete

6. Click Send Changes and Activate.



Step 2. Add the VPN Interface IP to the Shared IP Addresses

Introduce the IP address of the VPN next hop interface on the firewall.

CloudGen Firewalls installed using version 8.0.2 (or higher) do not require the interface IP address to be added to the Shared Networks table as this is handled by the host firewall ruleset.

- 1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Network**.
- 2. In the left menu, select **IP Configuration**.
- 3. Click **Lock**.
- 4. In the **Shared Networks and IPs** section, click **+**. The **Shared Network and IPs** window opens.
 - 1. Select the virtual **Interface**.
 - 2. In the **Network Address** field, enter the network the virtual interface resides in.
 - 3. In the **Shared IPs in this Network** table, click + and add the intermediary VPN IP address of the VPN interface. E.g., 192.168.22.1 for the local firewall or 192.168.22.2 for the remote firewall.
 - 4. Click **OK**.
- 5. Click Send Changes and Activate.

Step 3. Configure the Site-to-Site VPN Settings

Configure a site-to-site VPN IPsec tunnel including the VPN next hop interface.

- 1. Go to CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Assigned Services > VPN-Service > Site to Site.
- 2. Click **Lock**.
- 3. Click the IPsec IKEv1 Tunnels tab.
- 4. Right-click the table under the **IPsec IKEv1 Tunnels** tab and then select **New IPsec IKEv1 tunnel**.
- 5. In the IPsec IKEv1 Tunnel window:
 - 1. In the **Local Networks** tab, enter:
 - Local IKE Gateway Enter the local public IP address the VPN service is listening on.
 - Network Address Add the intermediary VPN subnet. E.g., 192.168.22.0/30
 - 2. In the **Remote Networks** tab, enter:
 - Remote IKE Gateway Enter the remote public IP address the remote VPN service is listening on.
 - Network Address Add the intermediary VPN subnet. E.g., 192.168.22.0/30



- Click the Peer Identification tab and then enter a passphrase the Shared Secret. The password can consist of small and capital characters, numbers, and non-alphanumeric symbols, except the hash sign (#).
- 4. Click the **Advanced** tab and enter:
 - VPN Next Hop Routing Enter the IP address of the remote (opposite) VPN next hop interface. E.g., 192.168.22.2 for the local firewall or 192.168.22.1 for the remote firewall.
 - Interface Index Enter the interface number of the VPN next hop interface configured in Step 1. E.g. 13

Name HQ2B01IPsec Disabled E	indpoint Type 🔘 IP	v4 O IPv6		
Basics SD-WAN - VPN Envelope Policy Advanced R/ DPD interval (s) 10 ~ HW Accel. Use Acceleration Card (f present) ~ Interface Index 13	VPN Next Ho Phase 2 Lifetime A		22	
Local Networks Identify Initiates Tunnel Yes (active IKE) Local IKE Gateway 194.93.0.10 ID-type IPV4_ADDR_SUBNET Using "VPN Next Hop Routing" to determine network.	▼ Re)-type	dentification 212.86.0.10 IPV4_ADDR_SUBNET outing" to determine network	с.
			ОК	Cancel

5. Click **OK**.

6. Click Send Changes and Activate.

Step 4. Configure the BGP Service

Enable and configure the BGP service. Configure the remote VPN interface IP address as a BGP neighbor to dynamically learn the routes of the neighboring network.

Step 4.1 Configure which Routes to Propagate into BGP

You can either enter the networks you want to propagate manually, or set the **Advertise Route** parameter to **yes** for routes you want propagated.

- 1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Network**.
- 2. Click Lock.
- 3. To propagate the management network, set **Advertise Route** to **yes** in the **Management IP and Network** section.

Barracuda CloudGen Firewall



Management IP and Netw	ork	
Interface Name	eth0	🗸 🗌 Other 📋
Management IP (MIP)	10.0.10.88	1
Associated Netmask	25-Bit	 â
Responds to Ping	yes	
Use for NTPd	yes	
Advertise Route	yes	a

- 4. In the left menu, click on **Routing**.
- 5. Double-click on the directly attached routes and gateway routes you want to propagate. The **Routes** window opens.
- 6. Set **Advertise Route** to **yes** and click **OK**.

-Route Configuration			
riodic comgaration			
Target Network Address	10.17.0.0/16		Ô
			~
Route Type	gateway	•	Ô
Interface Name			A
Interface Name		+ _ Ouler	•
Gateway	10.0.10.1		Ô
Route Metric			Ô
			4
Source Address		ā 🗆	Ô
Trust Level	Unclassified		Ô
Hust Level	onoidaanou	10	-
Default Gateway			Ô
Advertise Route	yes	•	Ô
B	User created		â
Route Origin	User created		
Active	yes	•	Â
	/		

7. Click Send Changes and Activate.

Step 4.2 Configure the BGP Router

- 1. Go to CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Assigned Services > OSPF-RIP-BGP-Service > OSPF/RIP/BGP Settings.
- 2. Set Run BGP Router to Yes.
- 3. (optional)To learn routes from the remote ASN, set **Operation Mode** to **advertise-learn**.
- 4. Enter the **Router ID**. Typically the local VPN next hop interface IP address is used. E.g., 192.168.22.2 for the local firewall 192.168.22.1 for the remote firewall.



Operational Setup		
Run OSPF Router	no	• 🏛
Run RIP Router	no	· â
Run BGP Router	yes	i û
Hostname		â
Operation Mode	advertise-learn	i î
Router ID	192.168.22.1	i = i

- 5. In the left menu, click **BGP Router Setup**.
- 6. Enter the AS Number. E.g., 64577 for the local firewall or 64579 for the remote firewall
- 7. Enter the **Terminal Password**. Use this password if you must directly connect to the dynamic routing daemon via command line for debugging purposes.

The password can consist of small and capital characters, numbers, and non-alphanumeric symbols, except the hash sign (#).

BGP Router Configuration			
AS Number	64577		Ô
Terminal Password	Current		â
	New	•••••	
	Confirm	•••••	
	Strength		

8. To propagate the directly attached and gateway routes configured in Step 1, set **Connected Routes** to **yes**.

Route Redistribution Configuratio	Π		
Kernel Routes	yes	•	Ô
Static Routes	yes	•	Ô
Connected Routes	yes	•	Û
RIP Routes	no	•	Ô
OSPF Routes	no	•	Ô

9. (alternative) To manually enter the networks you want to propagate, click + in the **Networks** table, and enter the network. E.g., 172.16.0.0/24

•	5	-				
Networks			🦉 🖶 🗙	at/	1	Ô
	Name	Network Prefix				
	DMZ	172.16.0.0/24				
					-	1

10. Click Send Changes and Activate.

Step 4.3. Add a BGP Neighbor

To dynamically learn the routing of the neighboring network, set up a BGP neighbor for the remote



VPN next hop interface.

- 1. In the left menu of the OSPF/RIP/BGP Settings page, click Neighbor Setup IPv4.
- 2. Click **Lock**.
- 3. Next to the **Neighbors** table, click the plus sign (+) to add a new neighbor.
- 4. Enter a **Name** for the neighbor and click **OK**. The **Neighbors** window opens.
- 5. Configure the following settings in the **Usage and IP** section:
 - **Neighbor IPv4** Enter the remote address for the VPN next hop interface. E.g., 192.168.22.2 for the local firewall 192.168.22.1 for the remote firewall.
 - OSPF Routing Protocol Usage Select no.
 - RIP Routing Protocol Usage Select no.
 - BGP Routing Protocol Usage Select yes.
- 6. In the **BGP Parameters** section, configure the following settings:
 - **AS Number** Enter the ASN for the remote network. E.g., 64579 for the local firewall 64577 for the remote firewall.
 - Update Source Select Interface.
 - Update Source Interface Enter the VPN next hop interface in the format: vpnr<interface number>. E.g., vpnr13

Usage and IP			
Neighbor IPv4	192.168.22.2	ē =	
Active	yes	•	â
OSPF Routing Protocol Usage	no	Ŧ	Ô
RIP Routing Protocol Usage	no	•	Ô
BGP Routing Protocol Usage	yes	•	Ô

â	
â	
	î

BGP Parameters		
AS Number	64579	Ô
Description		Ô
Peer Group Affiliation		Ô
Update Source	Interface	Ô
Update Source Interface	vpnr13	Ô
Update Source IPv4 Address		Ô
Peer Filtering For Input	Set Clear NOTSET: No section present	Ô
Peer Filtering For Output	Set Clear NOTSET: No section present	Ô

7. Click **OK**.



8. Click Send Changes and Activate.

Step 5. Verify the BGP Service Configuration

On the **CONTROL** > **Network** page, verify that BGP routes are learned. Click the **BGP** tab and expand the relevant AS tree. It can take up to three minutes for new routes to be learned.

Local Firewall **Network > BGP** page:

letwork	Next Hop	Metric Loca	Pref Weight	Path	Origin
Local					
	0.0.0.0	0	32768	Local	IGP
AS Incomplete					
> 10.0.10.0/25	0.0.0.0	0	32768		Incomplete
=> 10.17.0.0/16	10.0.10.1	0	32768		Incomplete
	10.0.10.1	0	32768		Incomplete
■ E AS 64580					
📄 📲 Neighbor: 192.168.	22.2				
PrefixesReceived:	1				
Up/Down-Time: 0	0:28:45				
Sent Messages: 6	2				
Received Messag	es: 51				
> 10.0.80.0/24	192.168.22.2	0	0	64579	IGP

Remote Firewall **Network > BGP** page:

nterfaces/IPs IPs In	terfaces Proxy ARPs ARPs Statistic	s OSPF RIP BGP Sw	itch Info IPv6 ND Cache	
Vetwork	Next Hop	Metric Loca	l Pref Weight Path	Origin
🖃 🛲 Local				
> 10.0.80.0/2	24 0.0.0.0	0	32768 Local	IGP
🛯 🆽 AS 64577				
📄 🥃 Neighbor:	192.168.22.1			
Prefixes	Received: 8			
Up/Dow	n-Time: 00:27:03			
Sent Me	ssages: 369			
Receive	d Messages: 398			
👄 > 10.0.10.0/2	25 192.168.22.1	0	0 64577	Incomplete
== > 10.0.81.0/2	24 192.168.22.1		0 64577 645	i78 IGP
> 10.10.10.0	/24 192.168.22.1		0 64577 645	80 IGP
=> 10.10.200.	0/24 192.168.22.1		0 64577 645	80 IGP
🛥 > 10.17.0.0/	16 192.168.22.1	0	0 64577	Incomplete
> 10.27.0.0/	16 192.168.22.1	0	0 64577	Incomplete
=> 172.16.0.0	/24 192.168.22.1	0	0 64577	IGP
> 192.168.20	0.0 192.168.22.1		0 64577 645	80 IGP



Figures

- 1. bgp_over_ipsec_vpn01.png
- 2. ipsec_bgp1.png
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- 4. ipsec_bgp03.png
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- 6. tina bgp06c.png
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- 8. tina_bgp06a.png
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