

## How to Manually Upload and Deploy the CloudGen Firewall in the Google Cloud

<https://campus.barracuda.com/doc/96026620/>

You can deploy the Barracuda CloudGen Firewall to the Google Cloud as a gateway or remote connectivity device. The firewall is deployed in a dedicated subnet (public subnet) in the Google Cloud network, and the instances for your cloud-based applications are deployed in backend or private subnets of the network. Each subnet is automatically assigned a dedicated gateway IP address and default route that allow the instances to connect to the Internet via the default Google Cloud gateway. An additional tag-based Google Cloud route is introduced to use the firewall as the default gateway. This route is applied automatically to all backend instances with this tag. Google Cloud firewall rules must be created to allow traffic between the firewall and the backend instances, as well as from the Internet to the firewall. By default, the Google Cloud firewall blocks all traffic, even between two instances in a subnet. The firewall has only a single DHCP network interface with a private IP address. Assign a static or ephemeral (dynamic) external IP address to your firewall to be able to connect to the Google Cloud network, even from outside the network.

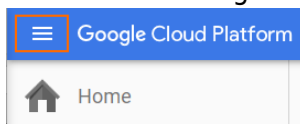
### Before you Begin

- A Google Cloud account is required.
- Download the Google Cloud firewall image from the [Barracuda Download portal](#).

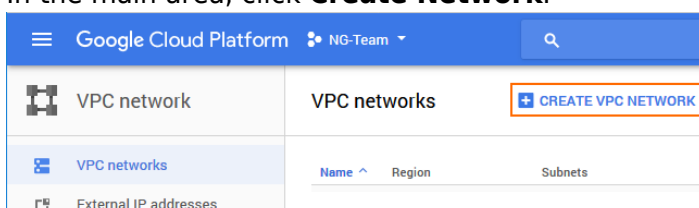
### Step 1. Create a Network in the Google Cloud

Create the virtual network you are deploying your firewall to.

1. Go to <https://console.cloud.google.com>.
2. Click the hamburger menu in the upper left corner.

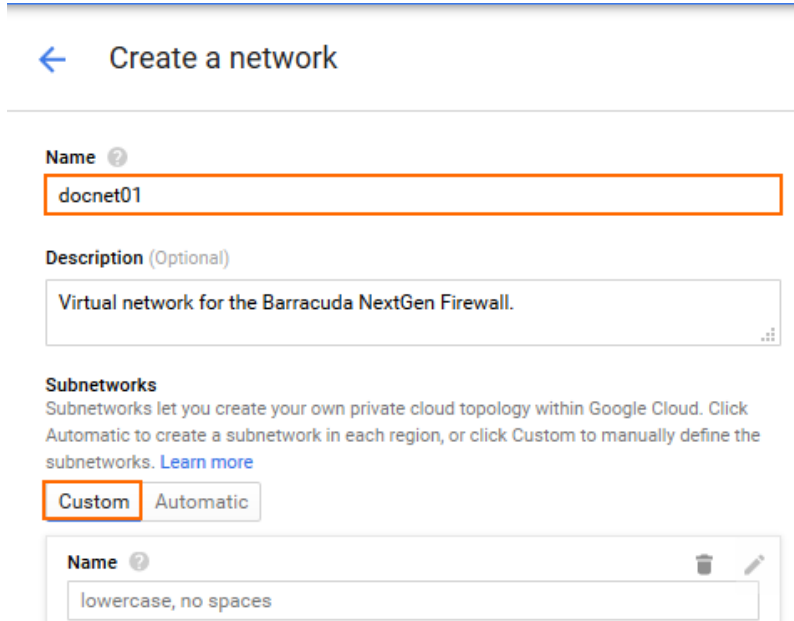


3. In the **Networking** section, click **VPC Network**.
4. In the main area, click **Create Network**.



5. Enter the **Name**.

6. In the **Subnetworks** section, click **Custom**.



← Create a network

Name <sup>?</sup>  
docnet01

Description (Optional)  
Virtual network for the Barracuda NextGen Firewall.

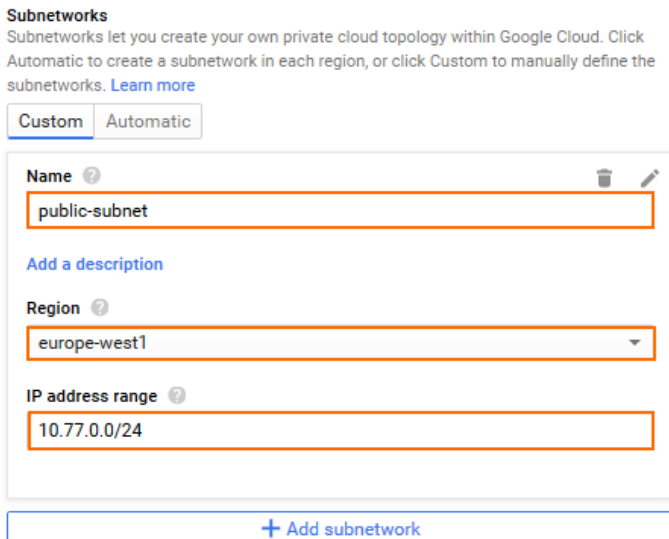
**Subnetworks**  
Subnetworks let you create your own private cloud topology within Google Cloud. Click Automatic to create a subnetwork in each region, or click Custom to manually define the subnetworks. [Learn more](#)

Custom Automatic

Name <sup>?</sup>  
lowercase, no spaces

7. Create the public subnet:

- **Name** – Enter public-subnet
- **Region** – Select your region.
- **IP address range** – Enter the network in CIDR format. If possible, do not use a network that overlaps with your on-premises network.



**Subnetworks**  
Subnetworks let you create your own private cloud topology within Google Cloud. Click Automatic to create a subnetwork in each region, or click Custom to manually define the subnetworks. [Learn more](#)

Custom Automatic

Name <sup>?</sup>  
public-subnet

[Add a description](#)

Region <sup>?</sup>  
europe-west1

IP address range <sup>?</sup>  
10.77.0.0/24

+ Add subnetwork

8. Click **Add subnetwork** and create the private subnet:


- **Name** – Enter private-subnet
- **Region** – Select your region.
- **IP address range** – Enter the network in CIDR format. If possible, do not use a network that overlaps with your on-premises network.



**Subnetworks**

Subnetworks let you create your own private cloud topology within Google Cloud. Click Automatic to create a subnetwork in each region, or click Custom to manually define the subnetworks. [Learn more](#)


**Custom** Automatic


Name	Region	IP address range
public-subnet	europa-west1	10.77.0.0/24


Name 

private-subnet  

[Add a description](#)

Region 

europa-west1 

IP address range 

10.77.1.0/24

9. Click **Create**.

The network is now listed.

**Networks**


 [CREATE NETWORK](#)

Name ^	Region	Subnetworks	IP addresses ranges	Gateways	Firewall Rules
docnet01		2			0
	europa-west1	private-subnet	10.77.1.0/24	10.77.1.1	
	europa-west1	public-subnet	10.77.0.0/24	10.77.0.1	

**Step 2. Create an External IP Address**

Create a static external IP address for your firewall. You can also skip this step and use an ephemeral IP address when creating the firewall instance.

1. Go to <https://console.cloud.google.com>.
2. Click the hamburger menu in the upper-left corner.
3. In the **Networking** section, click **VPC Network**.
4. In the left menu, click **External IP addresses**.
5. In the main area, click **Reserve static address**.

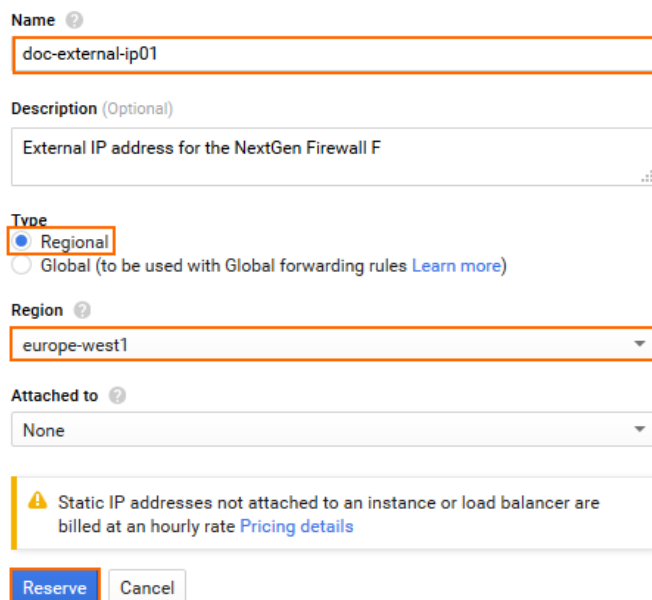
External IP addresses  [RESERVE STATIC ADDRESS](#)


<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	External Address	Region	Type ^	In use by
--------------------------	------	------------------	--------	--------	-----------

6. Reserve a static address:

- **Name** – Enter a unique name for the external IP address.
- **Type** – Select **Regional**
- **Region** – Select the same region you selected for the public subnet of the network.

← Reserve a static address



Name 

doc-external-ip01


Description (Optional)

External IP address for the NextGen Firewall F


Type

☒ Regional


☐ Global (to be used with Global forwarding rules [Learn more](#))

Region 

europe-west1

Attached to 

None

 Static IP addresses not attached to an instance or load balancer are billed at an hourly rate [Pricing details](#)

Reserve Cancel

7. Click **Reserve**.

### Step 3. Create a Storage Bucket and Upload the Image

Upload the image to Google Cloud. If the upload through the browser does not work, you can instead use Google SDK to upload the image.

1. Go to <https://console.cloud.google.com>.
2. Click the hamburger menu in the upper-left corner.
3. In the **Storage** section, click **Storage**.
4. In the main area, click **Create bucket**.



Browser **CREATE BUCKET** REFRESH DELETE

5. Create a storage bucket:
  - **Name** – Enter a unique name.
  - **Storage class** – Select a storage class depending on your preferences.
  - **Location** – Select the location matching the region you are deploying in.

## Create a bucket

## Name ?

The bucket name must be unique across Cloud Storage.

docstorage01

## Storage class ?

Nearline

## Location ?

europe-west1

Privacy: Do not include sensitive information in the bucket name. Users cannot access your data without permission, but they can still try to access or create buckets to find out if the name exists.

Create

Cancel

6. Click **Create**.

7. Click on the storage bucket you just created.

## Buckets

☐ Name☐ docstorage018. Click **Upload Files** and select the firewall image you previously downloaded from the [Barracuda Download Portal](#).

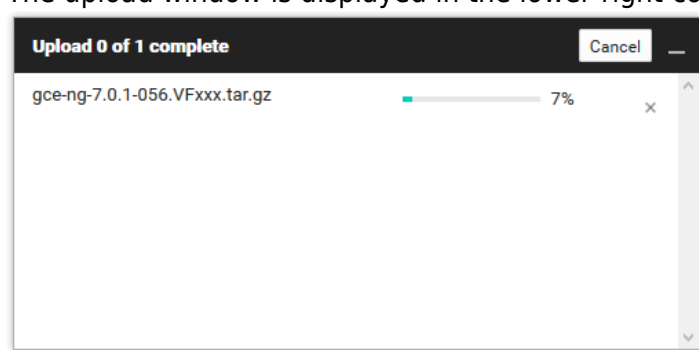
Browser

UPLOAD FILES

CREATE FOLDER

REFRESH

9. The upload window is displayed in the lower-right corner.



The image is now listed in the file list of the storage bucket.

Browser

UPLOAD FILES

CREATE FOLDER


REFRESH

SHARE PUBLICLY

DELETE

Buckets / docstorage01

Filter by prefix...

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Size	Type	Last modified	Share publicly	
<input type="checkbox"/>	 gce-ng-7.0.1-056.VFxxx.tar.gz	1.79 GB	application/gzip	8/25/16, 9:59 AM	<input type="checkbox"/>	⋮

## Step 4. Create a Compute Engine Image from the Uploaded Disk Image

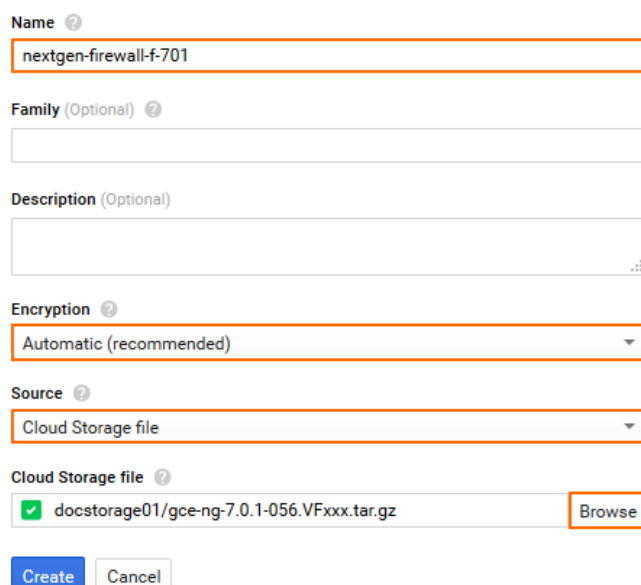
To be able to deploy a firewall from the disk image uploaded in Step 3, you must create a Google Compute Engine image. The firewall is created with one DHCP interface. DHCP reservation can be done manually (static) or automatically by Google during deployment. Once assigned, the internal IP address does not change.

1. Go to <https://console.cloud.google.com>.
2. Click the hamburger menu in the upper-left corner.
3. In the **Compute** section, click **Compute Engine**.
4. In the left menu, click **Images**.
5. In the main area, click **Create Images**.

Images **[+] CREATE IMAGE** CREATE INSTANCE

6. Create an image using the disk image uploaded in Step 3.
  - **Name** – Enter a name for the firewall image.
  - **Encryption** – Select **Automatic (recommended)**.
  - **Source** – Select **Cloud Storage file**.
  - **Cloud Storage File** – Click **Browse** and select the disk image in the storage bucket created in Step 3.

← Create an image



Name <sup>?</sup>  
nextgen-firewall-f-701

Family (Optional) <sup>?</sup>

Description (Optional)

Encryption <sup>?</sup>  
Automatic (recommended)

Source <sup>?</sup>  
Cloud Storage file

Cloud Storage file <sup>?</sup>  
☒ docstorage01/gce-ng-7.0.1-056.VFxxx.tar.gz **Browse**

**Create** Cancel

7. Click **Create**.

The firewall image is now listed in the **Images** list.

Images

CREATE IMAGE

CREATE INSTANCE

DEPRECATE

DELETE

name:nextgen\*

Columns

Labels

Name

Size

Created by

Family

Creation time

nextgen-firewall-f-701

80 GB

NG-Team

Aug 25, 2016, 10:42:30 AM

## Step 5. Create the Firewall Instance

Create the firewall instance using the image created in Step 4.

1. Go to <https://console.cloud.google.com>.
2. Click the hamburger menu in the upper-left corner.
3. In the **Compute** section, click **Compute Engine**.
4. In the main area, click **Create instance**.

VM instances [\[+\] CREATE INSTANCE](#)

5. Enter a lowercase **Name** for the firewall instance.  
The name of the instance is set as the default password of the firewall instance.
6. Select the **Zone**. The zone must be in the same region as the public subnet in the network created in Step 1.
7. Select **Machine type**. Verify that the number of vCPU matches the number of cores included in your CloudGen Firewall license.

← Create an instance

Name ?

doc-ngf1

Zone ?

europa-west1-b ▾

Machine type

small (1 shared vCPU) ▾

1.7 GB memory


[Customize](#)

8. In the **Boot disk** section, click **Change**.
9. Click the **Your Images** tab.
10. Select the image you created in Step 4.

### Boot disk

Select an image or snapshot to create a boot disk; or attach an existing disk.

OS images   Application images   **Your images**   Snapshots   Existing disks

 **nextgen-firewall-f-701**  
Created from NG-Team on Aug 25, 2016, 10:42:30 AM

Boot disk type ?

Standard persistent disk

Size (GB) ?

80

**Select**   Cancel

11. Click **Select**.
12. Below the **Firewall** section, click **Management, disk, networking, SSH keys**.
13. Click on the **Management** tab, enter a **Tag** for the firewall, and press **ENTER**. This tag is later used to identify the firewall instance in the Google Cloud firewall rules and routes.

**Management**   Disks   Networking   SSH Keys

Description (Optional)

Tags ? (Optional)

ngf x

14. Click on the **Networking** tab and configure the following networking settings:
  - **Network** – Select the network created in Step 1.
  - **Subnetwork** – Select the public subnet created in Step 1.
  - **(optional) Internal IP** – To use a specific static internal IP address, select **Custom**.
  - **(Custom internal IP address only) Internal IP address** – Enter a free IP address in the public subnet. The first IP address in the subnet is reserved for the gateway.
  - **External IP** – Select the external IP address created in Step 2, or else select **Ephemeral** to use a dynamic public IP address.
  - **IP forwarding** – Select **On**.



Management   Disks   **Networking**   SSH Keys

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Network ?  
docnet01

Subnetwork ?  
public-subnet

Internal IP ?  
Custom

Internal IP address  
10.77.0.1

External IP ?  
doc-external-ip01 (146.148.25.114)

IP forwarding ?  
On

⤴ Less

15. Click **Create**.

## Step 6. (optional) Create Instances in the Private Subnet

Deploy an instance in the private subnet. The backend instances must be tagged to be able to assign routes and firewall rules to them. Do not assign a public IP address to the backend instances.

## Step 7. Create a Default Route for Backend Instances

A default route for each subnet with a metric of 1000 is created for each subnet. For the backend instances to use the firewall as the default gateway, create a default route with a metric lower than 1000. Configure the firewall instance as the next-hop, and add the tags identifying the backend instances. The route is automatically applied to all instances with the same tags as listed in the route.

1. Go to <https://console.cloud.google.com>.
2. Click the hamburger menu in the upper-left corner.
3. In the **Networking** section, click **VPC Network**.
4. In the left menu, click **Routes**.

Routes   **+ CREATE ROUTE**   DELETE

5. Click **Create route** to create the default route for the backend instances:
  - **Name** – Enter a name for the route.
  - **Network** – Select the network created in Step 1.
  - **Destination IP range** – Enter 0.0.0.0/0.

- **Priority** – Enter a priority lower than 1000. If two routes for the same destination exist, the route with the lower priority is used.
- **Instance tags** – Enter the tags used for each instance that should be routed over the CloudGen Firewall.
- **Next hop** – Select **Specify and instance**.
- **Next hop instance** – Select the firewall instance created in Step 4 from the list.

← Create a route

**Name** ⓘ  
doc-backend-defaultroute

**Description** (Optional)  
Route for instances using the NextGen Firewall instance as the default gateway.

**Network** ⓘ  
docnet01

**Destination IP range** ⓘ  
0.0.0.0/0

**Priority** ⓘ  
100

**Instance tags** (Optional) ⓘ  
docbackend ×

**Next hop** ⓘ  
Specify an instance

**Next hop instance** ⓘ  
doc-ngf1

**Create** **Cancel**

Equivalent [REST](#) or [command line](#)

6. Click **Create**.

## Step 8. Create a Google Cloud Firewall Rule

Create firewall rules to allow traffic into your virtual network and from the firewall to the backend instances. By default, all traffic is blocked.

1. Go to <https://console.cloud.google.com>.
2. Click the hamburger menu in the upper-left corner.
3. In the **Networking** section, click **VPC Network**.
4. In the left menu, click **Firewall rules**.

5. In the main area, click **Create firewall rule**.


Firewall rules CREATE FIREWALL RULE DELETE

## 6. Create a firewall rule to allow incoming traffic to your firewall Instances:


- **Name** – Enter the firewall rule name.
- **Network** – Select the network created in Step 1.
- **Source filter** – Select **Allow from any source (0.0.0.0/0)**.
- **Allowed protocols and ports** – Enter a semicolon-delimited, lower-case list of protocols and ports in the following format. [tcp:807](#) is required to be able to connect via Barracuda Firewall Admin. E.g., Use [tcp:0-65535;udp:0-65535;icmp](#) to allow all TCP, UDP, and ICMP traffic to the firewall.
- **Target tags** – Enter the tag assigned to the firewall in Step 3.


← Create a firewall rule


By default, incoming traffic from outside your network is blocked. To allow incoming traffic, set up a firewall rule. Firewall rules regulate only incoming traffic to an instance. When a connection is established with an instance, traffic is permitted in both directions over that connection. [Learn more](#)


**Name** 

**Description** (Optional)

**Network** 

**Source filter** 

**Allowed protocols and ports** 

**Target tags** (Optional) 

Equivalent [REST](#) or [command line](#)

## 7. Create a firewall rule to allow all traffic from selected subnets to the firewall:

- **Name** – Enter the firewall rule name.
- **Network** – Select the network created in Step 1.
- **Source filter** – Select **Subnetworks**.
- **Subnetworks** – Select the public subnet and all private subnets with instances that are using the firewall as the default gateway.
- **Allowed protocols and ports** – Enter a semicolon-delimited, lower-case list of protocols and ports. E.g., [tcp:0-65535;udp:0-65535;icmp](#) to allow all TCP, UDP, and ICMP traffic between instances in these subnets.

[←](#) Create a firewall rule

By default, incoming traffic from outside your network is blocked. To allow incoming traffic, set up a firewall rule. Firewall rules regulate only incoming traffic to an instance. When a connection is established with an instance, traffic is permitted in both directions over that connection. [Learn more](#)

**Name** ?

doc-allow-backend-traffic

**Description** (Optional)

Allow traffic between the subnets in the network.

**Network** ?

docnet01

**Source filter** ?

Subnetworks

**Subnetworks** ?

3 selected...

**Allowed protocols and ports** ?

tcp:0-65535;udp:0-65535;icmp

**Target tags** (Optional) ?**Create**

Cancel

Equivalent [REST](#) or [command line](#)8. Click **Create**.

You can now log into your firewall instance running in the Google Cloud using Barracuda Firewall Admin:

- **IP address** – Enter the external IP address created in Step 2.
- **User** – Enter root
- **Password** – Enter the instance **Name**.

## Barracuda CloudGen Firewall

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☒ Firewall    ☐ Control Center    ☐ SSH

IP Address / Name

Username

Password

### Serial Console

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The Google Cloud Platform allows to enable and connect to the serial port of your firewall instance. This feature allows you to troubleshoot your CloudGen Firewall in case of a misconfiguration in a web-based serial console.

For more information, see [How to Access the Serial Console on the CloudGen Firewall in the Google Cloud](#).

### Next Steps

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- You can now license and start using your firewall. For more information, see [Get Started](#).

## Figures

1. gcc\_networking01.png
2. gcc\_networking02.png
3. gcc\_networking03.png
4. gcc\_networking04.png
5. gcc\_networking05.png
6. gcc\_networking06.png
7. gcc\_externalIP\_01.png
8. gcc\_externalIP\_02.png
9. gcc\_storage01.png
10. gcc\_storage02.png
11. gcc\_storage03.png
12. gcc\_storage04.png
13. gcc\_storage05.png
14. gcc\_storage06.png
15. gcc\_create\_image01.png
16. gcc\_create\_image02.png
17. gcc\_create\_image03.png
18. gcc\_fwinstance01.png
19. gcc\_fwinstance02.png
20. gcc\_fwinstance02a.png
21. gcc\_instance\_02b.png
22. gcc\_fwinstance03.png
23. gcc\_routes\_01.png
24. gcc\_routes\_02.png
25. gcc\_firewall\_rule01.png
26. gcc\_firewall\_rule02.png
27. gcc\_firewall\_rule03.png
28. gcc\_done.png

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