

How to Configure High Availability in Bridge-Path Mode

<https://campus.barracuda.com/doc/12192073/>

This article refers to Barracuda Load Balancer firmware release 3.1 and higher.

For an overview of High Availability (HA), and a list of requirements, see the article [Understanding Barracuda Load Balancer High Availability](#).

Requirements

Before joining two systems, each Barracuda Load Balancer must meet the following requirements:

- Barracuda Load Balancer 340 or higher; note that *both Barracuda Load Balancers must be the same model*;
- Activated and on the same version of firmware;
- Able to access all Real Servers;
- On the same physical network segment;
- Able to reach the other Barracuda Load Balancer on the WAN interface.

The active system should be fully configured; see [Services](#) and [Step 5: How to Configure the Barracuda Load Balancer Network](#) for a complete list of service and network configuration tasks.

When clustering two Barracuda Load Balancers for HA, Barracuda Networks recommends enabling PortFast on the switch ports to which the Barracuda Load Balancer's interfaces are to be connected.

Configure the Active (Primary) System

On the *Primary* system, complete the following steps:

1. Log into the *Primary* system as the administrator, go to the **ADVANCED > BACKUP** page, and back up the configuration.
2. Go to the **ADVANCED > High Availability** page.
3. Set **Enable High Availability** to Yes.
4. In the **Cluster Shared Secret** field, enter an alphanumeric shared secret passcode; you must enter the same code on the Active and Passive systems in an HA configuration so that the systems 'trust' one another. Do not use special characters.

5. In the **Cluster group ID** field, enter a numeric shared group value. You must enter the same value on the *Primary* and *Secondary* systems in an HA configuration. The Maximum value is 255.
6. Specify how you wish that a failed system behaves when recovering from a failed state:
 - Select *Automatic* if you wish that a failed system resume the active role upon recovery.
 - Select *Manual* to ensure that the currently active system does not failback to the peer automatically but continues to remain active until the administrator can determine the cause of failure of the now recovered peer.
7. Click **Save Changes**.
8. Go to the **BASIC > IP Configuration** page, and note the **WAN IP Address**; you will enter this value on the *Secondary* system in the **ADVANCED > High Availability** page in the section that follows.

Configure the Passive (Secondary) System

On the *Secondary* system, complete the following steps:

1. Log into the *Secondary* system as the administrator, and go to the **BASIC > IP Configuration** page.
2. In the **Operating Mode** section, verify the mode is set to **Route-Path**; if the operating mode is set to **Bridge-Path**, click **Convert**.

Once the clustering process is complete, the configuration sync automatically converts the operational mode to **Bridge-Path**.
3. Disconnect the LAN cable from the *Secondary* system to prevent network looping.
4. Go to the **ADVANCED > High Availability** page, and complete the following:
 - Set **Enable High Availability** to **Yes**.
 - Enter the same shared secret you entered on the *Primary* system in the **Cluster Shared Secret** field.
 - In the **Cluster group ID** field, enter the same value you entered on the *Primary* system.
 - Verify *no* ports are selected for **Failover on Link Down**.
5. Click **Save Changes**.
6. Go to the **BASIC > IP Configuration** page, and verify the **LAN IP Address** and **LAN Netmask** fields are *blank*.
7. Go to the **ADVANCED > High Availability** page, and enter the WAN IP address of the *Primary* system in the **Clustered Systems** field, and click **Join Cluster**.
8. Allow a few minutes for the clustering process to complete.
9. Reconnect the LAN cable to the *Secondary* system once clustering begins.

Verify the Configuration is in Sync

Once joined in a cluster, on each system, verify the associated system displays its peer in

the **Clustered Systems** table on the **ADVANCED > High Availability** page.

After verifying that the configuration is in sync, please perform some configuration changes on the active unit and check whether those changes appear on the *Passive* unit.

The clustering process may take up to 5 minutes to complete and no configuration changes are permitted during this period. Configuration changes may take up to a minute to sync to the peer, on clustered systems.

Related Articles

- [Understanding Barracuda Load Balancer High Availability](#)
- [How to Manage a High Availability Environment with Two Barracuda Load Balancers](#)
- [How to Remove a Barracuda Load Balancer from a High Availability Environment](#)

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