

Authentication with the Barracuda Web Security Service Connector

<https://campus.barracuda.com/doc/6553638/>

In this article:

The Barracuda Web Security Service Connector fully and transparently integrates with various user authentication technologies, including LDAP/AD, Novell's eDirectory, NTLM, or Kerberos, authenticating users before tagging traffic. For LDAP/AD deployments, you can deploy a Domain Controller Agent with the Barracuda Web Security Service Connector to authenticate user identities.

If you deploy a Barracuda Web Security Service Connector to proxy traffic to the Barracuda Web Security Service for enforcement, you will need to configure users and groups on the Barracuda Web Security Service Manager so traffic can be matched to policies or reports configured for the user or group. Refer to [How to Configure Authentication](#) for details.

You can specify proxy and caching settings by selecting a Barracuda Web Security Service Connector from the list on the **Configuration > Gateway** page and selecting the **Authentication** tab. The **Authentication** tab allows you to choose and configure the following authentication mechanisms:

- [LDAP](#) (including eDirectory)
- [NTLM](#)
- [Kerberos](#)

Choose only one authentication mechanism. The Barracuda Web Security Service Connector does not support authentication using more than one method.

LDAP Authentication Management

NTLM Authentication Management

Kerberos Authentication Management

© Barracuda Networks Inc., 2019 The information contained within this document is confidential and proprietary to Barracuda Networks Inc. No portion of this document may be copied, distributed, publicized or used for other than internal documentary purposes without the written consent of an official representative of Barracuda Networks Inc. All specifications are subject to change without notice. Barracuda Networks Inc. assumes no responsibility for any inaccuracies in this document. Barracuda Networks Inc. reserves the right to change, modify, transfer, or otherwise revise this publication without notice.