

How to Configure Guest Access with the Ticketing System

<https://campus.barracuda.com/doc/73719320/>

Set up a login or ticketing system to temporarily grant access to guest users. Ticketing admins assign guest tickets to the users. The user credentials on these tickets are then used by the guest users when prompted to authenticate. Tickets expire after a set period of time determined by the ticket administrator.

Step 1. Create the SSL Certificate and Ticket Admin User

Create or upload an SSL certificate for the ticketing interface and create the ticketing admin user.

1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Virtual Servers > your virtual server > Assigned Services > Firewall > Forwarding Settings.**
2. In the left menu, select **Authentication.**
3. Click **Lock.**
4. Import or create the **Default HTTPS Private Key** and **Default HTTPS Certificate.**
This SSL certificate is also used by inline and offline firewall authentication. If inline authentication is used, the **Name** of the certificate must be the IP address or an FQDN resolving to the IP address of the firewall. This value is used to redirect the client to the authentication daemon.
5. In the left menu, click **Guest Access.**
6. (optional) Enter a custom **Confirmation text** for the ticketing interface.
7. In the **Ticketing Administration User** section, click **+** to enter **Username** and **Password** for a ticketing admin.

Ticket Administration User

Administration Users



Password	Username
*****	manyGuestUserAdmin1
*****	manyGuestUserAdmin2

Max. days:

Max. hours:

8. The **Administration Users** window opens.
9. In the **Ticketing Administration User** section, enter **Username** and **Password** for the ticketing admin.

Ticketing Administration User

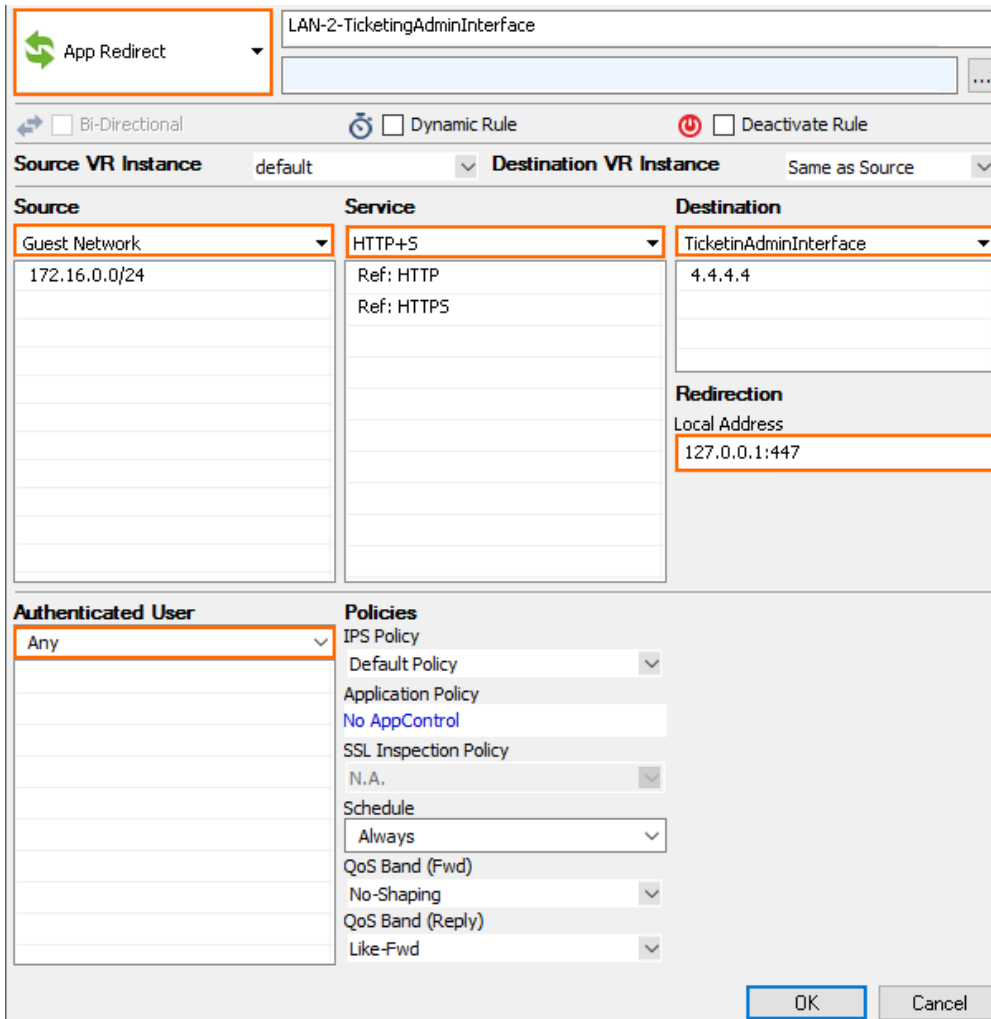
Username	<input type="text" value="admin"/>		
Password	Current	<input type="password"/>	
	New	<input type="password" value="*****"/>	
	Confirm	<input type="password" value="*****"/>	
Strength	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>		

10. (optional) Enter **Max Days** and **Max Hours** to limit the lifetime of the ticket the ticketing admin is allowed to grant. Enter 0 to remove the limit.
11. Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

Step 2. Create an Access Rule to Access the Admin Ticketing Interface

Create an app redirect access rule to access the ticketing system. This interface is used to create tickets for guest users.

1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Virtual Servers > your virtual server > Assigned Services > Firewall > Forwarding Rules**.
2. Click **Lock**.
3. Create an **App Redirect** access rule:
 - **Action** – Select **App Redirect**.
 - **Name** – E.g., LAN-2-TicketingAdminInterface.
 - **Source** – Select the source network(s) allowed to access the ticketing system.
 - **Service** – Select **HTTP+S**.
 - **Destination** – Enter the IP address for the admin ticketing interface. You can use any free IP address or an IP address on the firewall that does not have a listener on port 80 and 443.
 - **Redirection** – Enter 127.0.0.1:447
 - **Authenticated User** – Select **Any** or a user object containing the users allowed to create guest tickets.
4. Click **OK**.



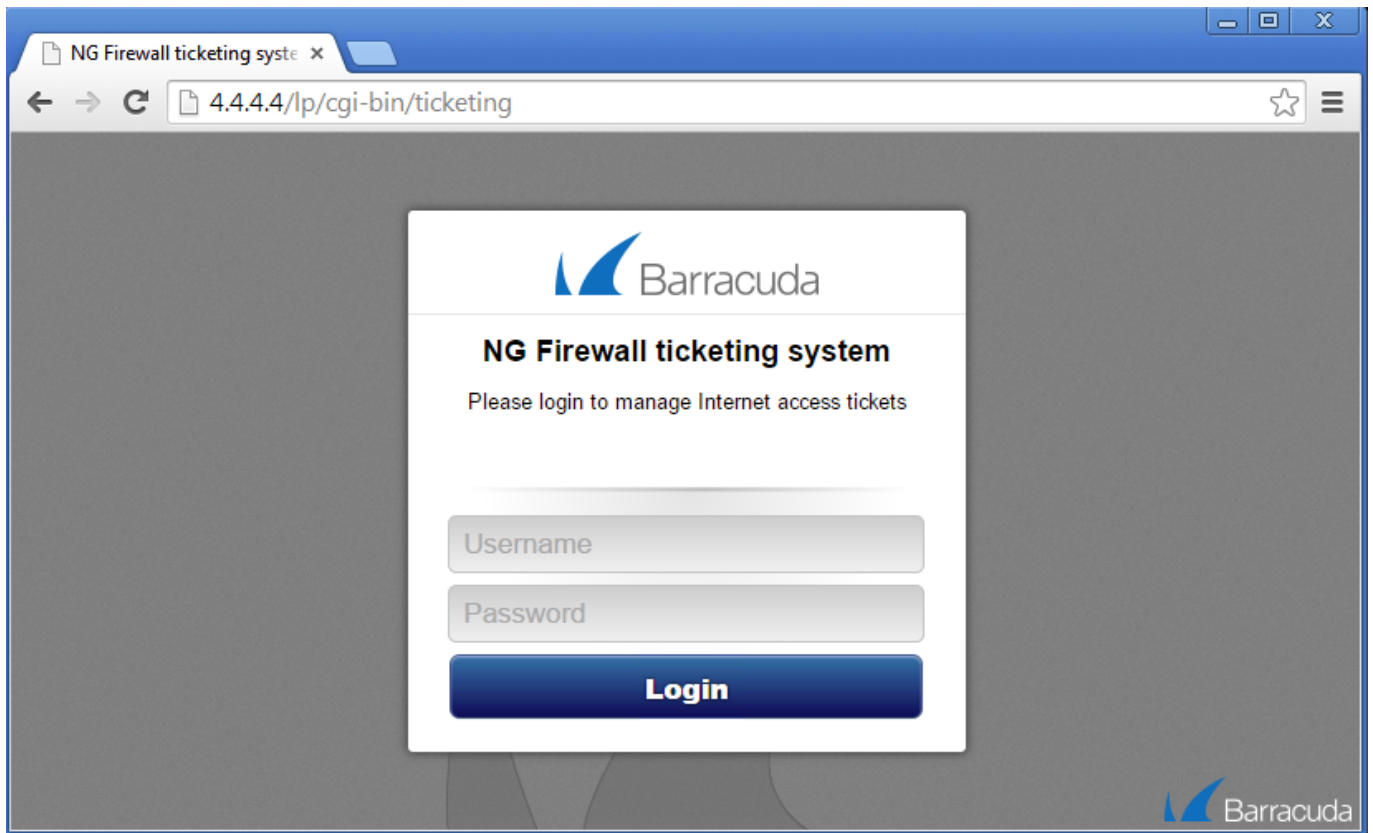
The screenshot shows the configuration for an 'App Redirect' rule named 'LAN-2-TicketingAdminInterface'. The rule is configured with the following settings:

- Source VR Instance:** default
- Destination VR Instance:** Same as Source
- Source:** Guest Network (172.16.0.0/24)
- Service:** HTTP+S (References: HTTP, HTTPS)
- Destination:** TicketinAdminInterface (4.4.4.4)
- Redirection:** Local Address (127.0.0.1:447)
- Authenticated User:** Any
- Policies:**
 - IPS Policy: Default Policy
 - Application Policy: No AppControl
 - SSL Inspection Policy: N.A.
 - Schedule: Always
 - QoS Band (Fwd): No-Shaping
 - QoS Band (Reply): Like-Fwd

Buttons for 'OK' and 'Cancel' are visible at the bottom right of the configuration window.

- Place the access rule so that it is the first rule to match for HTTP+S traffic to the chosen ticketing system IP address.
- Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

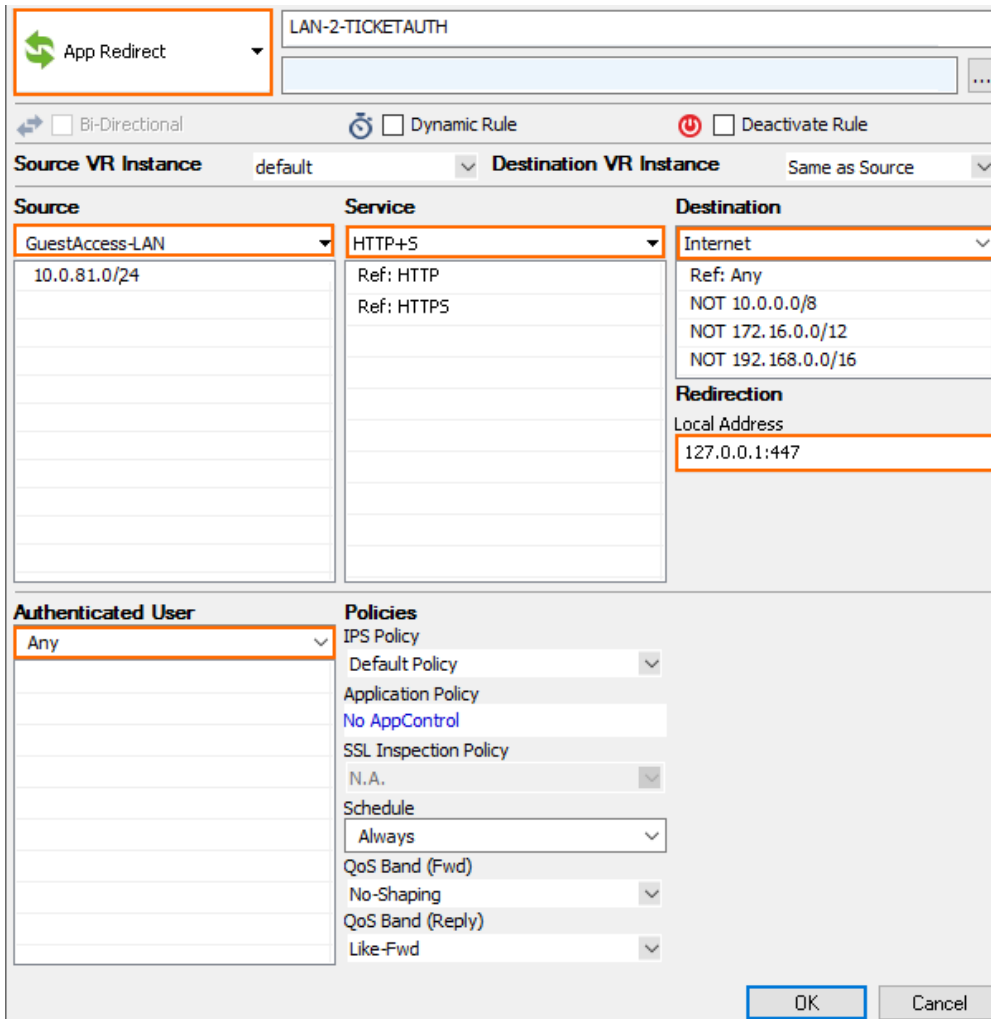
The admin ticketing interface is now reachable via `https://4.4.4.4/lp/cgi-bin/ticketing`. (If you used 4.4.4.4 as the destination IP address in the access rule.)



Step 3. Create an Access Rule to Redirect Users to the User Ticketing Login

Create an app redirect access rule that redirects the user to the FWauth daemon on port TCP 447 on the firewall. FWauth on port 447 displays the ticketing login page.

1. Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Virtual Servers > your virtual server > Assigned Services > Firewall > Forwarding Rules.**
2. Click **Lock.**
3. Create an **App Redirect** access rule:
 - **Action** – Select **App Redirect.**
 - **Name** – E.g., LAN-2-TICKETAUTH.
 - **Source** – Select the source network(s).
 - **Service** – Select **HTTP+S.** Since the user must use a browser to access the confirmation page, limit the service to HTTP and HTTPS.
 - **Destination** – Select the destination. E.g., **Internet.**
 - **Redirection** – Enter **127.0.0.1:447**
 - **Authenticated User** – Select **Any.**
4. Click **OK.**



App Redirect

LAN-2-TICKETAUTH

Bi-Directional Dynamic Rule Deactivate Rule

Source VR Instance default Destination VR Instance Same as Source

Source	Service	Destination
GuestAccess-LAN 10.0.81.0/24	HTTP+S Ref: HTTP Ref: HTTPS	Internet Ref: Any NOT 10.0.0.0/8 NOT 172.16.0.0/12 NOT 192.168.0.0/16

Redirection
Local Address
127.0.0.1:447

Authenticated User	Policies
Any	IPS Policy Default Policy Application Policy No AppControl SSL Inspection Policy N.A. Schedule Always QoS Band (Fwd) No-Shaping QoS Band (Reply) Like-Fwd

OK Cancel

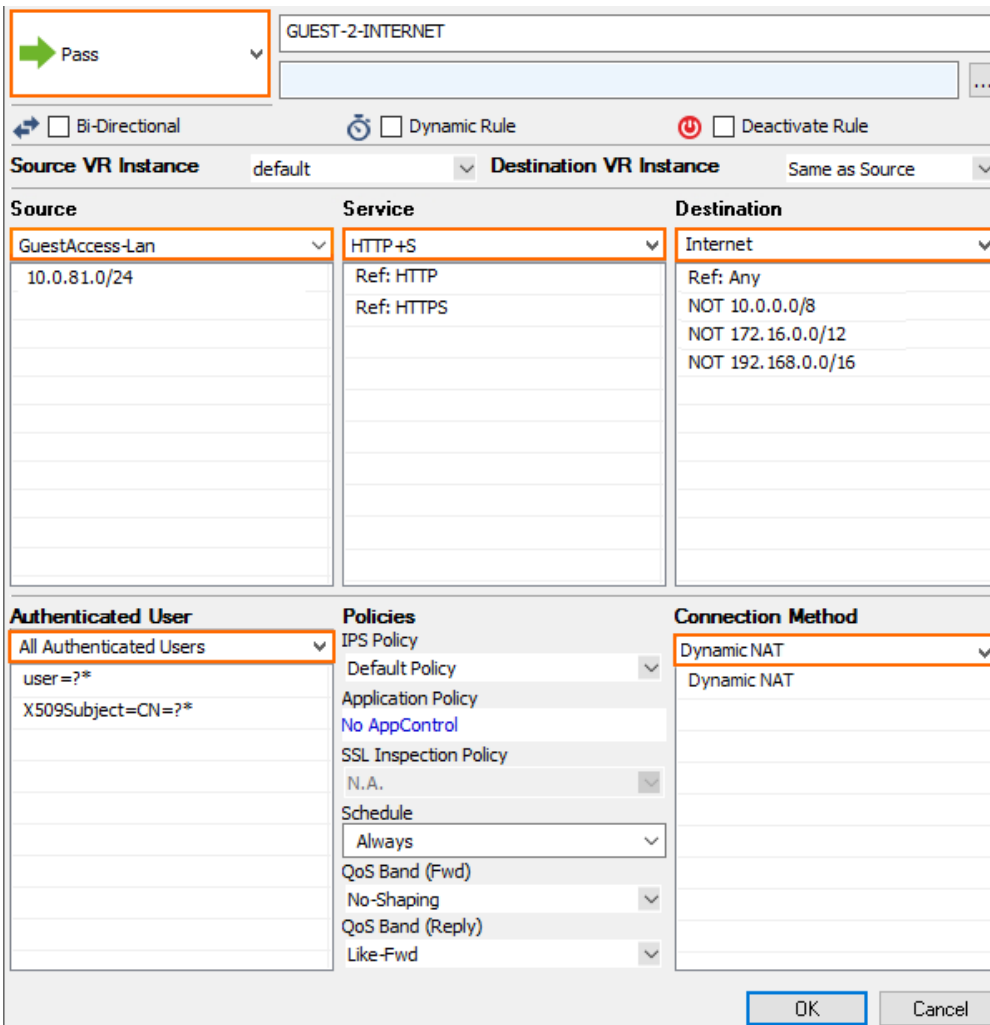
- Place the access rule so that it is the first rule to match for HTTP+S and unauthenticated users for the source network, but after the rule allowing unauthenticated DNS access if the DNS server is not in the local network.
- Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

Step 4. Create an Access Rule for Redirecting an Authenticated User to the Desired Web Page





At this point, a user would still be directed to the ticketing login page even after a successful authentication. In order to pass the user to the desired web page, an access rule must be placed prior to the access rule in Step 3. This access rule passes users to the Internet if they are part of the set of **All Authenticated Users**. Consequently, the access rule in Step 3 will be evaluated only if the user is not logged in as an authenticated user.

- Go to **CONFIGURATION > Configuration Tree > Box > Virtual Servers > your virtual server > Assigned Services > Firewall > Forwarding Rules**.
- Click **Lock**.

3. Create a **PASS** access rule:
 - o **Action** – Select **PASS**.
 - o **Name** – E.g., GUEST-2-INTERNET.
 - o **Source** – Select the source network(s). E.g., GuestAccess-Lan.
 - o **Service** – Select **HTTP+S** (or any other service that will be granted to the user).
 - o **Destination** – Select the destination. E.g., **Internet**.
 - o **Connection Method** – Enter Dynamic NAT.
 - o **Authenticated User** – Select **All Authenticated Users**.
4. Click **OK**.

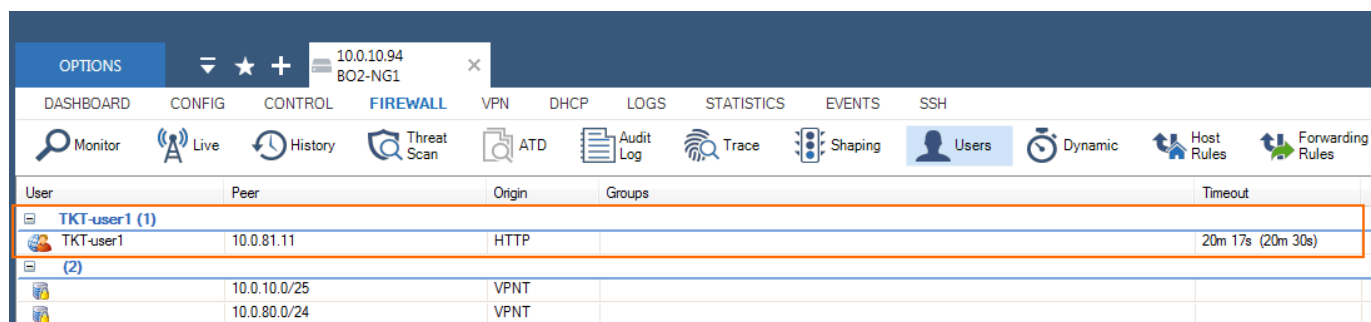


5. Place the access rule prior to the access rule from Step 3.

Action	Name	Features	Service	Source	Destination	Application Policy	SSL Inspection Policy	User	Sche...	QoS
0  Pass Dynamic NAT	GUEST-2-INTERNET		HTTP+S TCP 443, TCP 80	GuestAccess-Lan 10.0.81.0/24	Internet 0.0.0.0/0, NOT 10.0.0.0/8, ...	No AppControl	N.A.	All Authenticated ... X509Subject=CN=?	Always	No-Shaping
1  App Redirect 127.0.0.1:447	LAN-2-TICKETAUTH		HTTP+S TCP 443, TCP 80	GuestAccess-Lan 10.0.81.0/24	Internet 0.0.0.0/0, NOT 10.0.0.0/8, ...	No AppControl	N.A.	Any	Always	No-Shaping

6. Click **Send Changes** and **Activate**.

Unauthorized users accessing the Internet or restricted network resources from the source network are redirected to the user ticketing login page. After entering the ticketing user and password, they are automatically forwarded to the website they originally wanted to visit. A TKT-<IP address> user is created and valid for 20 minutes until you need to reauthenticate. Open the **Firewall > Users** page to see the authenticated users.



User	Peer	Origin	Groups	Timeout
TKT-user1 (1)				
TKT-user1	10.0.81.11	HTTP		20m 17s (20m 30s)
(2)				
	10.0.10.0/25	VPNT		
	10.0.80.0/24	VPNT		

Next Steps

For more information on how to create guest user tickets and use them to login, see [How to Manage Guest Tickets - User's Guide](#).

Figures

1. addTicketingUserAdmin_01.png
2. GuestAccess03.png
3. GuestAccess02.png
4. GuestAccess01.png
5. GuestAccess04.png
6. guest_to_internet.png
7. rule_order_guest_to_internet.png
8. GuestAccess05.png

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