

How to Update High Availability Clusters

<https://campus.barracuda.com/doc/73719723/>

To prevent downtime when updating your high availability cluster, block the virtual server on the secondary firewall. Then update the firmware on the secondary firewall. After the update, transfer the virtual server to the updated firewall and repeat the process with the primary firewall. Each firewall can only be updated to the next firmware version according to the migration path. If two updates are required, repeat the process below for each update package.

Step 1: Block the Server on the Secondary Firewall

When you block the server, the control service shuts it down and sends a signal that starts the server on the HA partner unit. Keep in mind that when you block a server, the control service cannot perform automatic failovers.

1. Log into the secondary firewall.
2. Go to **CONTROL > Server**.
3. Click **Block Server**.

Server Status			
Server	Status	Status HA Partner	IP Addresses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [-] S1 [-] Status [-] HA [-] IP <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 2 3 	standby	primary	10.0.10.124(!), 172.16.0.221(!), 62.99.0...
	standby		
	primary		
			10.0.10.124(!)
			172.16.0.221(!)
			62.99.0.221(!)

Block Server Start Server Stop Server Restart Server

Step 2: Update the Secondary Firewall

Update the firmware on the secondary firewall. For more information, see [How to Install Updates via NextGen Admin](#) or [How to Update Managed High Availability Clusters with Automatic Failover](#).

Do not interrupt the update. The updated system will reboot and display the new version on the console login prompt.

Step 3: Switch Virtual Servers to the Secondary Firewall

When you stop a server after it has been blocked, you are re-enabling the control service to perform automatic fail overs. When the server on an HA unit goes down or is blocked, the control service automatically starts the server on its HA partner.

1. Log into the secondary firewall.
2. Go to **CONTROL > Server** and click **Stop Server**.
3. Log into the primary firewall.
4. Go to **CONTROL > Server** page, and click **Block Server**.
All the servers are taken over by the secondary firewall.

Leave the primary unit in standby mode until you have verified that the secondary firewall is operating correctly. You can verify this by stopping the primary unit servers.

Step 4: Update the Primary Firewall

Update the firmware on the primary firewall. For more information, see [How to Install Updates via NextGen Admin](#) or [How to Update Managed High Availability Clusters with Automatic Failover](#).

Do not interrupt the update. Depending on the update, the firewall reboots after the update.

Step 5: Transfer the Virtual Server Back to the Primary Firewall

Manually trigger a failover to transfer the virtual server from the secondary to the primary firewall.

1. Log into the primary firewall.
2. Go to **CONTROL > Server**.
3. Click **Stop Server**.
4. Log into the secondary firewall.
5. Go to **CONTROL > Server**.
6. Click **Block Server**.
7. Wait for the primary firewall to bring up the virtual server and then click **Stop Server** to place the secondary firewall in standby.

Figures

1. Update02.png

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